

英语

基础模块 ①

学习指导

主 编 李维喜 郭 莉 韦靖宇

北京出版集团
北京出版社

英语

基础模块 ①

学习指导

主 编 李维喜 郭 莉 韦靖宇

English

北京出版集团
北京出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语基础模块1学习指导 / 李维喜, 郭莉, 韦靖宇主
编. — 北京: 北京出版社, 2022. 8
ISBN 978-7-200-17311-6
I. ①英… II. ①李… ②郭… ③韦… III. ①英语课
—中等专业学校—教学参考资料 IV. ① G634.413
中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2022) 第 118687 号

英语基础模块1 学习指导

YINGYU JICHU MOKUAI YI XUEXIZHIDAO

主 编: 李维喜 郭莉 韦靖宇
出 版: 北京出版集团
北 京 出 版 社
地 址: 北京北三环中路 6 号
邮 编: 100120
网 址: www.bph.com.cn
总 发 行: 北京出版集团
经 销: 新华书店
印 刷: 定州启航印刷有限公司
版 印 次: 2022 年 8 月第 1 版 2022 年 8 月第 1 次印刷
成品尺寸: 185 毫米 × 260 毫米
印 张: 12
字 数: 210 千字
书 号: ISBN 978-7-200-17311-6
定 价: 28.00 元

教材意见建议接收方式: 010-58572162 邮箱: jiaocai@bphg.com.cn
如有印装质量问题, 由本社负责调换
质量监督电话: 010-82685218 010-58572162 010-58572393

目 录

Contents

UNIT 1	School Is Interesting	1
UNIT 2	We Are Friends	20
UNIT 3	Sports Are Good for You	44
UNIT 4	How Can I Get There?	65
UNIT 5	We Have Only One Earth!	86
UNIT 6	Not Just Tasty	108
UNIT 7	When Disaster Strikes	132
UNIT 8	Enjoy the Festivals	153
参考答案		174

1

UNIT

School Is Interesting

Module

1

Warming up and Listening and Speaking

I. 重点词汇 (Key words)

学习并掌握下面的重点单词和短语。

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. poster 海报 | 2. dormitory 宿舍 |
| 3. nursing 护理技巧 | 4. program design 程序设计 |
| 5. mechanical 机械的 | 6. workshop 车间; 工场 |
| 7. operate 操作 | 8. e-commerce 电商 |
| 9. patient 病人 | 10. cookery 烹饪法; 烹饪术 |

II. 重点句子 (Key sentences)

1. My new school is quite different.
我的新学校是很不一样的。
2. In what way?
在哪方面呢?
3. We have skill-training workshops.
我们有技能训练车间。
4. We can learn how to operate different machines.
我们可以学会如何操作不同的机器。
5. I really like the cookery class.
我最喜欢烹饪课。
6. Do you practise cooking different dishes during the class?
在实训课上你们练习炒不同的菜吗?



7. We also get to taste what we've just cooked in class.

我们也品尝我们在实训课上煮的东西。

III. 练习 (Exercises)

一、抄写下列单词，每个词三次以上。

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. poster | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 2. dormitory | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 3. nursing | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 4. program design | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 5. mechanical | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 6. workshop | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 7. operate | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 8. e-commerce | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 9. patient | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 10. cookery | _____ | _____ | _____ |

二、根据中文写出下列对应的英语单词。

- | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------------|-------|
| 1. 海报 | _____ | 2. 宿舍 | _____ |
| 3. 护理技巧 | _____ | 4. 程序设计 | _____ |
| 5. 机械的 | _____ | 6. 车间；工场 | _____ |
| 7. 操作 | _____ | 8. 电商 | _____ |
| 9. 病人 | _____ | 10. 烹饪法；烹饪术 | _____ |

三、补充完整下列英语单词。

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. p_ster 海报 | 2. d_rmit_ry 宿舍 |
| 3. n_rsing 护理技巧 | 4. pr_gram d_sign 程序设计 |
| 5. m_ch_nical 机械的 | 6. w__kshop 车间；工场 |
| 7. op_rate 操作 | 8. e-c_mm_rce 电商 |
| 9. p_tient 病人 | 10. c_ok_ry 烹饪法；烹饪术 |

四、将下面句子翻译成中文。

1. My new school is quite different.

2. In what way?

3. We have skill-training workshops.

4. We can learn how to operate different machines.

5. I really like the cookery class.

6. Do you practise cooking different dishes during the class?

7. We also get to taste what we've just cooked in class.

五、将下面句子翻译成英语。

1. 我的新学校是很不一样的。

2. 在哪方面呢?

3. 我们有技能训练车间。

4. 我们可以学会如何操作不同的机器。

5. 我最喜欢烹饪课。

6. 在实训课上你们练习炒不同的菜吗?

7. 我们也品尝我们在实训课上煮的东西。

六、再读课文，完成对话。

Li Wei: Hello, Wu Lin. How are you? Are you _____ at your new school?

Wu Lin: Yes, my new school is quite different.

Li Wei: Really? In _____ way?

Wu Lin: We have _____ workshops.

Li Wei: What do you usually do there?

Wu Lin: We can learn how to _____ different machines. I like it a lot.

Li Wei: That's interesting.

- A. operate B. what C. skill-training D. happy

II

Li Wei: What class do you like best?

Wu Lin: I really like the _____ class. It's useful and fun.

Li Wei: Do you _____ cooking different dishes _____ the class?

Wu Lin: Yes, of course. You know, you can never learn to cook by just _____. And we also get to taste _____ we've just cooked in class.

Li Wei: Sounds great!

- A. what B. cookery C. practise D. during E. watching

Module 2

Reading and Writing

① I. 重点词汇 (Key words)

学习并掌握下面的重点单词和短语。

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. vocational school 职业学校 | 2. practical 实践的; 实际的 |
| 3. field 领域; 范围 | 4. tour guide 导游 |
| 5. agency 代办处; 中介处 | 6. company 公司 |
| 7. look forward to 期待 | 8. design 设计; 计划 |
| 9. photography 摄影 | 10. be crazy about 对……着迷 |
| 11. confidently 自信地 | 12. besides 除此之外; 而且 |
| 13. major 专业; 某专业学生 | 14. Confucius 孔夫子 |
| 15. performance 表演; 演出 | 16. Mandarin 普通话 |
| 17. oral 口头的; 口述的 | 18. public relations 公共关系 |

II. 重点句子 (Key sentences)

1. I am studying at a vocational school.
我在一所职业学校学习。
2. We have skill-training classes in workshops.
我们在车间上技能课。
3. Our teachers always give us lots of practical tips.
我们老师教我们很多实训技巧。
4. The skill-training teachers come from different fields.
技能教师来自不同的行业。
5. Look forward to hearing from you.
期待收到你的来信。
6. I'm happy to be your English teacher.
非常高兴能成为你们的英语老师。
7. I'm sure you will enjoy your English class this year.
我保证今年你们会喜欢你们的英语课。
8. I'm from Qufu, the hometown of Confucius.
我来自于曲阜，孔夫子的故乡。
9. I hope we can do sports together.
但愿我们能一起进行体育运动。

III. 语法或词法 (Grammar)

Present simple (一般现在时)

1. 概念：表示经常性或习惯性的动作或现在存在的状态。
2. 动词结构：动词用原形，第三人称单数一般在动词后面加“es”或“s”
动词“be”的用法：you—am I—am he/she /it—is 名词（复数）—are
3. 常与一般现在时连用的典型词语：often, always, usually, sometimes, every day, in the morning 等。
4. 否定形式：do not (don't), does not (doesn't)+ 动词原形构成。
例如：She doesn't go to school.
We don't go to school.
5. 一般疑问句：do/does 放在句首，动词用原形。
例如：Do you go to school?
Does he go to school?

规则:

在英语中, 主语和谓语必须在人称和数上保持一致。

1. 主谓一致, 即单数主语须用谓语的单数形式, 复数主语须用谓语的复数形式。

例如: She goes to school every morning.

We go to school every morning.

2. 含有 every 或 each 的主语, 后面用谓语的单数形式; all 和 some 接复数名词时, 后面用谓语的复数形式。

例如: Every one has to go to school on time.

All students have to go to school on time.

IV. 练习 (Exercises)

一、抄写下列单词, 每个词三次以上。

1. vocational school _____
2. practical _____
3. field _____
4. tour guide _____
5. agency _____
6. company _____
7. look forward to _____
8. design _____
9. photography _____
10. be crazy about _____
11. confidently _____
12. besides _____
13. major _____
14. Confucius _____
15. performance _____
16. Mandarin _____
17. oral _____
18. public relations _____

二、根据中文写出下列对应的英语单词。

1. 职业学校 _____
2. 实践的; 实际的 _____

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| 3. 领域; 范围 | _____ | 4. 导游 | _____ |
| 5. 代办处; 中介处 | _____ | 6. 公司 | _____ |
| 7. 期待 | _____ | 8. 设计; 计划 | _____ |
| 9. 摄影 | _____ | 10. 对……着迷 | _____ |
| 11. 自信地 | _____ | 12. 除此之外; 而且 | _____ |
| 13. 专业; 某专业学生 | _____ | 14. 孔夫子 | _____ |
| 15. 表演; 演出 | _____ | 16. 普通话 | _____ |
| 17. 口头的; 口述的 | _____ | 18. 公共关系 | _____ |

三、补充完整下列英语单词。

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. voc_ tion_ l school 职业学校 | 2. pr_ ct_ cal 实践的; 实际的 |
| 3. f_ _ld 领域; 范围 | 4. tour g_ ide 导游 |
| 5. ag_ ncy 代办处; 中介处 | 6. c_ mp_ ny 公司 |
| 7. look f_ rw_ rd to 期待 | 8. d_ sign 设计; 计划 |
| 9. ph_ togr_ phy 摄影 | 10. be cr_ zy about 对……着迷 |
| 11. c_ nf_ dently 自信地 | 12. b_ sides 除此之外; 而且 |
| 13. m_ jor 专业; 某专业学生 | 14. C_ nfucius 孔夫子 |
| 15. perf_ rm_ nce 表演; 演出 | 16. Mand_ rin 普通话 |
| 17. or_ l 口头的; 口述的 | 18. public rel_ tions 公共关系 |

四、将下面句子翻译成中文。

1. I am studying at a vocational school.

2. We have skill-training classes in workshops.

3. Our teachers always give us lots of practical tips.

4. The skill-training teachers come from different fields.

5. Look forward to hearing from you.

6. I'm happy to be your English teacher.

7. I'm sure you will enjoy your English class this year.

8. I'm from Qufu, the hometown of Confucius.

9. I hope we can do sports together.

五、将下面句子翻译成英语。

1. 我在一所职业学校学习。

2. 我们在车间上技能课。

3. 我们老师教我们很多实训技巧。

4. 技能教师来自不同的行业。

5. 期待收到你的来信。

6. 非常高兴能成为你们的英语老师。

7. 我保证今年你们会喜欢你们的英语课。

8. 我来自于曲阜，孔夫子的故乡。

9. 但愿我们能一起进行体育运动。

六、选择正确答案。

1. Students Volunteer _____ up the school every morning.

A. to clean

B. clean

C. cleaning

2. They _____ an English lesson on Friday morning.

A. has

B. have

C. has

3. Her mother _____ flowers in garden every day.

A. waters

B. water

C. watered

4. It _____ me half hour to get to school.

A. take

B. took

C. takes

5. _____ he _____ to sleep at ten every night?

- A. Do; goes B. Does; go C. Do; go
6. Lisa usually _____ in classroom.
A. studys B. studies C. study
7. The trees _____ planted in the park.
A. are B. is C. be
8. Some of students _____ cleaning up leaves on campus.
A. are B. is C. am
9. We _____ basketball on Sunday afternoon.
A. plays B. playing C. play
10. Each of students _____ skill-training classes in the workshop.
A. has B. have C. had

七、根据所给单词组成句子。

1. Do have you on Saturday English lesson an

2. have skill-training classes We in every day the workshop

3. They to school go at in the morning seven

4. He like singing doesn't

5. your is What favorite sport

八、用所给单词或短语完成短文。

_____ Carrie,

How's it going? I am studying _____ a vocational school now. We learn English, Chinese, history etc. in the classroom, and have _____ classes in workshops. Our teachers always give us lots of practical tips. This is very helpful. The skill-training teachers come _____ different fields. Some are workers in factories or _____ in restaurants, others are tour guides from travel agencies or secretaries working for companies. All of our teachers are not _____ knowledgeable and experienced, but also very kind and friendly. I'm _____ I'll learn a lot from them.

I'm really happy at this new school. How are you doing? Look _____ to

hearing from you.

_____,
Wu Lin

A. at B. Dear C. chefs D. skill-training E. only
F. from G. sure H. forward I. Yours

九、阅读短文判断正误（正确打√，错误打×）。

Turfgrass（草皮）science

It's reported that some soccer teams or clubs will fly the grass to the place where the players are trained. Does it sound crazy? In fact, developing quality turf for ball games is quite an important speciality. There is a lot of knowledge about turf. The requirements of turf are different for different occasions or competitions, and the types of grass suitable for different countries vary.

“Supernanny”（超级育婴师）

Do you want to be a “supernanny（超级育婴师）”? Some schools offer this speciality（专业课程）. The most famous one is Norland College in England, from which the little Prince George's nanny（育婴师）graduated. The students there are required to learn not only psychology（心理学）, history, social science, emergency（应急学）care and first aid, but also driving, swimming, and even combat（搏斗）. It's pretty cool and challenging.

Personal hygiene（卫生学、保健学）and cosmetics（化妆）

In some schools in Germany, there is a speciality called personal hygiene and cosmetics, or skin care. Of course, it's not only about make-up. The students also have to acquire knowledge of fashion, art, biology, chemistry, marketing etc.

1. Some soccer teams or clubs will fly the grass to the place where the players are trained. ()
2. The requirements of turf are different for different occasions or competitions. ()
3. The most famous speciality is Norland College in America. ()
4. The students in Norland College are required to learn combat（搏斗）. ()
5. In some schools in Germany, there is a speciality called personal hygiene and cosmetics, or face care. ()

综合练习 (一)

一、连线匹配。

- | | |
|-------------------|---------|
| 1. poster | A. 宿舍 |
| 2. dormitory | B. 护理 |
| 3. nursing | C. 病人 |
| 4. program design | D. 机械的 |
| 5. mechanical | E. 操作 |
| 6. workshop | F. 海报 |
| 7. operate | G. 电商 |
| 8. e-commerce | H. 车间 |
| 9. patient | I. 烹饪法 |
| 10. cookery | J. 程序设计 |

二、英译汉。

1. My new school is quite different.

2. In what way?

3. We have skill-training workshops.

4. We can learn how to operate different machines.

5. I really like the cookery class.

6. Do you practise cooking different dishes during the class?

7. We also get to taste what we've just cooked in class.

三、选择正确答案。

1. — Must we do it right now?

— No, you _____.

A. needn't

B. mustn't

C. don't.

2. People _____ exercise regularly.
A. can B. may C. should
3. _____ Li Ming _____ go to school every day?
A. Does; have to B. Does; has to C. Is; having to
4. Which TV programme do you like _____, talent show or talk show?
A. best B. better C. much
5. I like these English songs and they _____ for many times on the radio.
A. taught B. have taught C. have been taught
6. Dick sings better than John, but Mary sings _____ among the three.
A. well B. best C. /
7. Please buy a dozen of eggs _____ you go to the supermarket.
A. after B. when C. before
8. Susan and her mother _____ watch a film at 7:30 in the evening.
A. is going to B. are C. are going to
9. Of these sports, I like football _____.
A. much B. more C. most
10. My sister _____ to Beijing next Tuesday.
A. goes B. will go C. has gone

四、完成对话。

Betty: I'm going to my friend's birthday party. 1. Could you give me some advice?

Clerk: Sure. 2? It suits you so well. Besides, blue is the colour of the season.

Betty: And I also need a 3 to match the dress.

Clerk: What about this red one? 4.

Betty: Good idea! Thank you for your advice.

Clerk: 5.

- A. My pleasure
- B. How about this dark blue dress
- C. It makes a perfect match
- D. I want to look classy and graceful
- E. handbag

五、连词成句。

1. wonderful a What flower it is

2. John from England comes

3. We been students have in for years two this school

4. The watered flowers were the gardener by

5. waiting I for am you

六、完型填空。

Time travel party is a new 1 of gathering for schoolmates who have been away from 2 for many years. At these gatherings, everyone has to bring a 3 taken during his/her school days. They take photos again, wearing the same clothes, making the same 4, and so on. Such gatherings make everyone feel like they are 5 in the good old days.

- () 1. A. thing B. type C. types D. one
 () 2. A. home B. work C. campus D. our
 () 3. A. map B. picture C. phone D. photo
 () 4. A. thing B. job C. poses D. pose
 () 5. A. black B. come C. quick D. back

Online shopping is very popular now. People can buy almost 6 online. They can buy books, food or clothing. They can also buy toys, tickets, and even electronic 7.

People can shop online at home 8 of the day. The goods online are usually 9 than in the shopping mall. You may even get 10 or free delivery for what you buy.

- () 6. A. everything B. nothing C. anything D. something
 () 7. A. product B. produce C. produces D. products
 () 8. A. any time B. at any time C. at time D. every time

- () 9. A. cheap B. cheapest C. the cheaper D. cheaper
 () 10. A. a discount B. an discount C. discount D. discounts

七、阅读理解。

(A)

Programme	Performer	Time
1. Chorus	Class 1	18:00
2. Guitar Solo	Lin Yufei	18:20
3. English Songs	Class 2	18:35
4. Violin Solo	Mr. Smith	18:50
5. Street Dance	Class 3	19:10
6. Talk Show	Hui Xingyu, Li Feng	19:25
7. Magic Show	Wang Min	19:35
8. Fashion Show	Class 4	19:45
The end		20:00

阅读节目单，选择正确答案。

- When will the English Evening start?
 A. At 18:00. B. At 18:15. C. At 18:25.
- Who is going to play the guitar at the English Evening?
 A. Wang Min. B. Li Feng. C. Lin Yufei.
- What is Mr. Smith going to do at the English Evening?
 A. He is going to sing a song.
 B. He is going to play the violin.
 C. He is going to dance.
- Which programme will start at 19:35?
 A. The talk show. B. The magic show. C. The fashion show.
- How long will the English Evening last?
 A. For 2 hours. B. For 3 hours. C. For 4 hours.

(B)

My sister and I are both collectors, but we collect different kinds of things. I collect coins, glass animals and dolls. I have dolls from more than ten different countries in my collection. My sister collects things she finds in nature. She has books filled with dried flowers and leaves.

根据短文内容判断正误，正确的填 T，错误的填 F。

- () 1. Both my sister and I like to collect things.
 () 2. I like to collect things I find in nature.
 () 3. My sister likes to keep glass animals.
 () 4. I have collected dolls from many countries.
 () 5. There are dried flowers and leaves in my sister's books.

综合练习 (二)

一、中英文匹配。

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. vocational school | () 公司 |
| 2. practical | () 职业学校 |
| 3. field | () 领域 |
| 4. tour guide | () 自信地 |
| 5. agency | () 专业；某专业学生 |
| 6. company | () 实践的；实际的 |
| 7. look forward to | () 口语 |
| 8. design | () 表演；演出 |
| 9. photography | () 除此之外；而且 |
| 10. be crazy about | () 对……着迷 |
| 11. confidently | () 导游 |
| 12. besides | () 摄影 |
| 13. major | () 代办处；中介处 |
| 14. performance | () 设计；计划 |
| 15. Mandarin | () 公共关系 |
| 16. oral | () 期待 |
| 17. public relations | () 普通话 |

二、英译汉。

1. I am studying at a vocational school.

2. We have skill-training classes in workshops.

3. Our teachers always give us lots of practical tips.

4. The skill-training teachers come from different fields.

5. Look forward to hearing from you.

6. I'm happy to be your English teacher.

7. I'm sure you will enjoy your English class this year.

8. I'm from Qufu, the hometown of Confucius.

9. I hope we can do sports together.

三、选择正确答案。

1. Fashion belongs _____ not only the young, but also the old.

A. for

B. to

C. in

2. This style has been out of fashion for _____.

A. decades

B. year

C. decade

3. Smart phones are now _____ used by young people.

A. wide

B. widen

C. widely

4. The topic of the meeting is _____, so I don't want to attend.

A. interesting

B. boring

C. amusing

5. This pair of shoes looks great, but it's too _____. Get me some cheaper ones, please.

A. expensive

B. cheap

C. fashionable

6. It was very _____ in the past.

A. fashion

B. fashionable

C. fashioned

7. Clothes often have close ties _____ one's idea and personality.

A. to

B. with

C. for

8. The _____ popular colour in this autumn is black.

A. much

B. more

C. most

9. What have you done to the _____ girl?

A. cry

B. is crying

C. crying

10. The girl _____ under that tree is my sister.

A. sits

B. is sitting

C. sitting

四、完成情景对话匹配。

1. How do you do?

2. May I introduce myself to you?

3. It is very kind of you to help me.

4. Shall we go to see a film?

5. How is the weather?

6. What day is today?

7. What time is it?

8. Could you give me a discount?

9. What do you do?

10. What's the matter with you?

A. I have a pain on my leg.

B. It is ten o'clock.

C. I am an engineer.

D. Sorry, it is very cheap.

E. It is Saturday.

F. Sure, I am looking forward.

G. You are welcome.

H. That is good idea.

I. It is cold and rainy.

J. How do you do?

五、连词成句。

1. do like reading you What

2. you Can the way to tell the bookstore me

3. good idea is to swimming It go a

4. go school to did When you

5. Go turn right and ahead

六、完型填空。

After middle school, I attend a vocational school, the school is large _____ beautiful. There are three _____ in our school. And there are more than 3,000 students in the school. _____ learn Chinese, English, maths, computers, _____. Most of us like to study computer. We all think computer is very _____.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. and | B. or | C. but | D. so |
| () 2. A. grade | B. grades | C. classes | D. class |
| () 3. A. We | B. Us | C. Ours | D. Ours |
| () 4. A. either | B. also | C. too | D. and so on |
| () 5. A. use | B. usefully | C. using | D. useful |

II

I had a bad cold and a high fever. So I _____ to school in the morning. I _____ a storybook. From this book I know we should walk or drive on _____ of the road and get slower at the crossing of the road. Red light means _____, Green light means going. We can't go in the time of red light. We _____ wait for the green light and so.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| () 6. A. go | B. went | C. don't | D. didn't go |
| () 7. A. looked | B. read | C. watched | D. saw |
| () 8. A. left | B. right | C. front | D. behind |
| () 9. A. stopping | B. running | C. walking | D. standing |
| () 10. A. can | B. can't | C. must | D. mustn't |

七、阅读理解。

(A)

Good morning, everyone! It's great to be here. My name is Mike Brown. My Chinese name is Wu Yue. I'm 26. I come from California, in the US. I can see that you are a group of great young people. I'm happy to be with you this term. I'm sure we'll be good friends.

Hello, everyone! I'm Elizabeth Green. You can call me Liz. I'm an exchange student from London, in the UK. I'm 26. I like sports, especially volleyball and ping-pong. We can play sports together after school. I also like singing and dancing. I am sure we will become good friends very soon.

根据短文内容判断正误，正确的填 T，错误的填 F。

- () 1. Mike Brown comes from Italy.
- () 2. Mike is twenty-six years old.
- () 3. Mike will be happy to be with students this term.
- () 4. Elizabeth Green is from America.
- () 5. Elizabeth Green likes sports, especially volleyball and badminton.

(B)

April Fool's Day is celebrated in many countries on April 1st every year. It is not a national holiday, but still widely celebrated. People all around the world love it very much. It is a day to play tricks and pranks on others without getting blamed.

People from different countries have different ways to celebrate this day. In France, people may secretly tape paper on to their friends' backs. When their friends realise that they have been fooled, people around them will shout and call them "April Fish". In England, people play jokes only in the morning. If you have been fooled in that morning, you are a "noodle". In Scotland, April Fool's Day is 48 hours long. April Fools are called "April Gowks" in the US, people may point down to your shoes and say, "Your shoelace is untied". If you believe them and look down at your shoes, you are an April Fool.

根据短文内容判断正误，正确的填 T，错误的填 F。

- () 1. April Fool's Day is a national holiday in France.
- () 2. On April Fool's Day, people must be blamed with some tricks.
- () 3. In England, April Fool's Day lasts only for half a day.
- () 4. In Scotland, April Fools can be called as "April Fish".
- () 5. An April Fool is also called a "noodle" in England.