



“十二五”职业教育国家规划教材  
经全国职业教育教材审定委员会审定

英语  
(第二版)

综合实训  
第三册

主 编 蒋 磊 杨亚军 李佐玲

# 英语 (第二版)

# English

综合实训

第三册

主 编 蒋 磊 杨亚军 李佐玲

北京出版集团  
北京出版社

北京出版集团  
北京出版社

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

英语综合实训. 第3册 / 蒋磊, 杨亚军, 李佐玲主编.  
—北京: 北京出版社, 2014.5 (2022 重印)  
高职十二五规划教材: 2014 版

ISBN 978-7-200-10596-4

I. ①英… II. ①蒋… ②杨… ③李… III. ①英语—  
高等职业教育—习题集 IV. ①H319.6

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2014) 第 099616 号

英语综合实训 第三册

YINGYU ZONGHE SHIXUN DI-SAN CE

---

主 编: 蒋磊 杨亚军 李佐玲

出 版: 北京出版集团  
北京出版社

地 址: 北京北三环中路 6 号

邮 编: 100120

网 址: [www.bph.com.cn](http://www.bph.com.cn)

总 发 行: 北京出版集团

经 销: 新华书店

印 刷: 定州启航印刷有限公司

版 次: 2014 年 5 月第 1 版 2022 年 8 月修订 2022 年 8 月第 7 次印刷

成品尺寸: 210 毫米 × 285 毫米

印 张: 8

字 数: 178 千字

书 号: ISBN 978-7-200-10596-4

定 价: 25.00 元

教材意见建议接收方式: 010-58572162 邮箱: [jiaocai@bphg.com.cn](mailto:jiaocai@bphg.com.cn)

如有印装质量问题, 由本社负责调换

质量监督电话: 010-82685218 010-58572162 010-58572393

# Contents / 目录

---

**Unit 1** Reading Success 1

**Unit 2** Living in a Green World 16

**Unit 3** Unlimited Communication 31

**Unit 4** Animals Are Smarter than We Think 45

**Unit 5** Great Love Unconditionally 60

**Unit 6** Overseas Chinese 76

**Unit 7** Chinese Culture Highlights 90

**Unit 8** How to Be a Successful Job Seeker 104

# Unit 1 Reading Success

## Part One Text Exercises

### Word Building

I. Write out the words from the following affixes and the words given.

1. -ly	a. impress	6. -ee	f. project
2. -ity	b. swift	7. -al	g. successful
3. -or	c. achieve	8. -ful	h. fond
4. -ness	d. familiar	9. un-	i. tradition
5. -ment	e. cheer	10. -ion	j. employ

II. Fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the following box.

import chase impress concept expand  
adopt flutter harvest jolt sketch

1. Why do modern people \_\_\_\_\_ material possessions?
2. At the meeting he gave a \_\_\_\_\_ of recent happenings.
3. She \_\_\_\_\_ her handkerchief from the train window as a good-bye.
4. My father \_\_\_\_\_ me with the importance of hard work.
5. Our foreign trade has \_\_\_\_\_ during recent years.
6. It is difficult to grasp the \_\_\_\_\_ of infinite space.
7. As they had no children of their own, they \_\_\_\_\_ an orphan.
8. We are all very busy because it's the \_\_\_\_\_ time.
9. Do you want domestic or \_\_\_\_\_ beer?
10. The news of the accident gave her an unpleasant \_\_\_\_\_.

**I. Match the English phrases in Column A with Chinese ones in Column B.**

Column A	Column B
1. milk shake	a. 建立, 设立
2. drive-in	b. 查清
3. look into	c. 代表
4. lantern slide	d. 麦当劳
5. find out	e. 停车场
6. set up	f. 免下车的
7. stand for	g. 社会名流
8. car park	h. 泡沫牛奶
9. McDonald's	i. 向……里面看去
10. celebrity	j. 幻灯片

**II. Fill in blanks with the proper form of the words given in the following box.**

judge    derive    flatter    promote    ensure  
concept    involve    succeed    pursue    reward

Dale Carnegie suggested as much more than 50 years ago: Hard work alone doesn't 1 career advancement. You have to be able to sell yourself and your ideas, both publicly and behind the scenes. Yet, despite the obvious 2 of engaging in office politics — a better job, a rise, praise — many people are still unable — or unwilling — to “play the game.”

“People assume that office 3 some manipulative (攻于心计的) behavior,” says Deborah Comer, an assistant professor of management of Hofstra University. “But politics 4 from the word ‘polite’. It can mean lobbying and forming associations. It can mean being kind and helpful, or even trying to please your superior, and then expecting something in return.”

In fact, today, experts define office politics as proper behavior used to 5 one's own self-interest in the workplace. In many cases, this involves some form of socializing within the office environment—not just in large companies, but in small workplaces as well.

“The first thing people are usually 6 on is their ability to perform well on a consistent basis,” says Neil p. Lewis, a management psychologist. “But if two or three candidates are up for a promotion, each of whom has reasonably similar ability, a manager is going to 7 the person he or she likes best. It's simple human nature.”

Yet, psychologists say, many employees and employers have trouble with the 8 of politics in the office. Some people, they say, have an idealistic vision of work and what it takes to 9. Still others

associate politics with flattery (奉承), fearful that, if they speak up for themselves, they may appear to be 10 their boss for favors.

## Reading Comprehension

### Task 1 Decide whether the statement is true or false or not mentioned.

When James Dyson introduced the DC01 vacuum cleaner in 1993, few people could have guessed that within a few years it would be the biggest selling vacuum cleaner in Britain. With no bag and a number of space age design features, it was unlike any other vacuum cleaner.

Today, the Dyson company employs 1, 050 people at its headquarters in Malmesbury. The company has an annual turnover of £ 150 million and Dyson vacuum cleaners are sold all around the world. In addition, the company has won many design awards and, most surprising of all, Dyson cleaners are on display in several of the world's leading museums of modern art.

Dyson is not a typical company. For example, everyone who starts work at Dyson makes a vacuum cleaner on their first day. This way, all the staff know what the company produces and how they produce it.

Designers and engineers work together to design and test their ideas, unlike other companies where they are separate departments. Dyson also believes in direct communication—no one sends memos in the office, they go and speak to each other. And no one wears suits. James Dyson doesn't insist on this, but he does believe that wearing a suit stops people from thinking creatively. Judging from the success of Dyson, fewer companies will wear suits in future!

1. Some of the world's leading museums show Dyson vacuums.  
A. True                      B. False                      C. Not Mentioned
2. Design and engineering are separate departments at Dyson.  
A. True                      B. False                      C. Not Mentioned
3. People don't communicate by memo at Dyson.  
A. True                      B. False                      C. Not Mentioned
4. James Dyson believes that wearing a suit helps you think creatively.  
A. True                      B. False                      C. Not Mentioned
5. The style of wearing decides the company's success.  
A. True                      B. False                      C. Not Mentioned

### Task 2 Choose the best answer.

What makes a person a scientist? Does he have ways or tools of learning that are different from those of others?The answer is No. It is not the tools a scientist uses but how he uses these tools that makes him a scientist. You will probably agree that knowing how to use a power is important to a carpenter (木匠). You will probably agree, too, that knowing how to investigate and how to discover information is important



Mr. Zhang, also general manager of China Aerospace ( 航天 ) Science and Technology Corp. , said the comprehensive feasibility studies for the first-phase ( 阶段 ) of the moon probing program “the Chang’e Project ( 嫦娥计划 )” has been completed and the engineering operation plan has been drafted.

He said that after the successful development of satellites and launching of manned spacecraft, China will prepare for moon probing and other outer space probing activities.

Mr. Zhang believed that the moon probing will become the third milestone ( 里程碑 ) of China’s space technology development.

He said China will use Long March III A carrier rocket for launching the moon probing satellite.

China’s moon probing program will be divided into three phases. The first phase work will focus on obtaining three-dimensional graphs of the moon surface, making analysis on the elements of moon surface and probing space environment of the moon, he said.

The second phase of the program will send moon probing devices to the surface of the moon and the final phase is targeting on survey of the moon surface and taking back samples.

In related researches, China has been engaged in development of intelligence robots for moon probing for years.

11. When will China launch its first moon probing satellite?

China will launch its first moon probing satellite in the next \_\_\_\_\_.

12. What is “the Chang’e Project” about?

“The Chang’e Project” is about the \_\_\_\_\_.

13. What will the moon probing become?

The moon probing will become \_\_\_\_\_ of China’s space technology development.

14. How many phases will China’s moon probing program be divided into?

China’s moon probing program will be divided \_\_\_\_\_.

15. What about the third phase?

The third phase is targeting on survey of \_\_\_\_\_ and taking back samples.

## Part Two

## Exercises for PRETCO (A)

### Part I Listening Comprehension

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

#### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D given in your test paper.





**Example:** You will hear:

You will read: A. New York City.

B. An evening party.

C. An air trip.

D. The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, **C. An air trip** is the correct answer. You should mark C. Now the test will begin.

1. A. Her name appears in newspapers frequently and everybody knows her.  
B. She is the vice president of an international corporation and becomes so popular.  
C. She is the editor of a famous newspaper and everybody knows her name.  
D. Her name rarely appeared on the local newspaper.
2. A. She got up on the wrong side of her bed and got hurt.  
B. She went to bed so late last night and didn't have a good sleep.  
C. She was in a bad mood ever after she got up.  
D. She didn't want to get up because she wanted to have a good sleep.
3. A. Margaret likes eating beans even in her 70's.  
B. Margaret is still very active even in her 70's.  
C. Margaret likes traveling even in her 70's.  
D. Margaret looks exactly young even in her 70's.
4. A. The woman wants to buy some nuts for the coming football match.  
B. The woman wants to see the football stars but the man doesn't.  
C. The man is crazy about football and he is eager to meet with the football stars.  
D. The man wants to sell some pictures of the football star.
5. A. Ben was a considerable business man.  
B. Ben began to write something.  
C. Ben was a failure as a writer.  
D. Ben didn't want to write.

## Section B

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are 2 recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D given in your test paper.



### Conversation 1

6. A. Energy and love.  
B. Energy and ambition.  
C. Hard-working and ambition.  
D. Hard-working and energy.
7. A. Condoleezza Rice.  
B. Dr Smith.  
C. An African-American.  
D. An American woman.
8. A. At 15 years old.  
B. At 16 years old.  
C. At 18 years old.  
D. At 19 years old.





### Part III Reading Comprehension

**Directions:** This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

#### Task 1

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A, B, C, and D. You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter.

After inventing dynamite (炸药), Swedish-born Alfred Nobel became a very rich man. He foresaw its universally destructive powers too late. Nobel preferred not to be remembered as the inventor of dynamite, so in 1895, just two weeks before his death, he created a foundation to be used for awarding prizes (奖金) to people who had made great contributions to mankind. Originally, there were five awards: literature, physics, chemistry, medicine and peace. Economics was added in 1968, just sixty-seven years after the first award ceremony.

Nobel's original legacy (遗产) of nine million dollars was invested, and the interest on this sum is used for the awards which vary from \$30, 000 to \$125, 000.

Every year on December 10th, the anniversary (周年纪念) of Nobel's death, the awards are presented to the winners. Sometimes politics plays an important role in the judges' decisions. Americans have won many science awards, but relatively few literature prizes.

No awards were presented from 1940 to 1942 at the beginning of World War II. Some people have won two prizes, but this is rare. Others have shared their prizes.

36. When did the first award ceremony take place?

- A. In 1895.
- B. In 1901.
- C. In 1940.
- D. In 1968.

37. Why was the Nobel Prize established?

- A. To recognize great contributions to mankind.
- B. To resolve political differences.
- C. To honor the inventor of dynamite.
- D. To defend peace.

38. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Awards vary in monetary value.
- B. Ceremonies are held on December 10th to remember Nobel's invention.
- C. Politics can play an important role in selecting the prize winners.
- D. A few individuals have won two Nobel Prizes.

39. In which field Americans received the most awards?

- A. Literature.
- B. Peace.
- C. Economics.
- D. Science.



- C. Studying MBA can help a person be successful.  
D. Challenge can promote progress.
42. Mogi got his practical marketing skills \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. through his MBA courses at Columbia Business school  
B. as a salesperson at trade fairs  
C. from his part-time jobs on vocations  
D. through marketing books
43. What is the main purpose of setting up a company in San Francisco?
- A. To obtain market share in the US.  
B. To create recipes fit for the American people.  
C. To sell soy sauce all around the US.  
D. To compete with other manufacturers.
44. The company developed rapidly because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. it was able to adapt to local marketplace  
B. its marketing strategy was global  
C. its products satisfied customers  
D. its leader is far-sighted and enterprising
45. What does Mogi say about his product in the USA?
- A. The product has conquered America.  
B. It was unique and popular.  
C. It has been influencing the American way of living.  
D. It was in high quality.

### Task 3

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you should complete the information by filling in the blanks marked 46 through 50 in the table below. For each blank, you should write not more than 3 words.

Experience two great theme parks in one great resort—Disney's California Adventure park and right next door Disneyland park. Just footsteps away, there are extraordinary entertainment, shopping and dining await in the Downtown Disney District. And when you and your family stay at one of the hotels of the Disneyland Resort you're right in the middle of all the magic!

And now, one child receives a free Disneyland Resort Park Hopper Ticket with each adult ticket purchased in a Disney vacation package. You can go back and forth between parks as often as you like.

Discover the friendly faces of magical places of the Disneyland Resort and see why this spectacular destination is more magic than you could ever imagine!

### Disney Vacation

Two great theme parks: Disney's California Adventure park and 46

Activities in the Downtown Disney District:

1. 47
2. shopping
3. dinning await

The children's free ticket: On condition that 48 should purchase a ticket in a Disney 49

Attractions for tourist:

1. the friendly faces
2. the magical and 50 destination

### Task 4

**Directions:** The following is a list of job titles. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the list below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in brackets, numbered 51 to 55.

- |                             |                                |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A—accounting supervisor     | B—administrative assistant     |
| C—bond trader               | D—business controller          |
| E—business manager          | F—buyer                        |
| G—cashier                   | H—financial controller         |
| I—export sales manager      | J—manager for public relations |
| K—marketing staff           | L—marketing executive          |
| M—food and beverage manager | N—investment advisor           |
| O—housekeeper               | P—general agent                |

**Example:** (D) 业务主任 (P) 总代理商

- |               |           |
|---------------|-----------|
| 51. ( ) 业务经理  | ( ) 公关部经理 |
| 52. ( ) 市场销售员 | ( ) 销售主管  |
| 53. ( ) 证券交易员 | ( ) 财务主任  |
| 54. ( ) 餐饮部经理 | ( ) 出纳员   |
| 55. ( ) 投资顾问  | ( ) 采购员   |

### Task 5

**Directions:** Reading the following passage. You should give brief answers to the 5 questions (No. 56 through No. 60) that follow. The answers (**in not more than 3 words**) should be written after the corresponding numbers.

## China Launches Its First Manned Spacecraft

Jiuquan, Gansu, Oct. 15th ( Xinhua net )— China's first manned space-craft, Shenzhou-5, blasted off from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center in the northwestern province of Gansu at 9 a. m. Wednesday.

The spacecraft, atop a Long March II F rocket, was piloted by Yang Liwei, 38, a lieutenant colonel of the People's Liberation Army ( PLA ) . Yang, a member of the PLA's Astronauts Team, was trained at home.

The Shenzhou mission will make China the third nation to send a man into outer space, following the former Soviet Union and the United States.

Beijing, Oct. 16th ( Xinhua net )— China announced the success of its first manned spaceflight and the safe return of astronaut Yang Liwei Thursday morning.

Former Premier Wen Jiabao sent a message, on behalf of the central leadership, congratulating the success of the flight.

Jiang Zemin, Former Chairman of the Central Military Commission, made a phone call to congratulate the success.

Shenzhou-5 landed at the preset primary landing area in north China's Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region at 06:23 ( Beijing time ) , and China's first astronaut in orbit Yang Liwei walked out of the cabin himself. Yang has been confirmed to be in good health after a 21-hour space travel.

The spacecraft carrying the 38-year old lieutenant colonel lifted off at 09:00 Wednesday. Yang spent 21 hours in space traveling more than 600,000 km, as the 241st human being to visit outer space.

56. When did China's first manned spacecraft blast off?

---

57. Where did China launch its first manned spacecraft?

---

58. By whom was the spacecraft piloted?

---

59. How many hours did the astronaut spend in space traveling?

---

60. How long did he travel in space?

---

## Part IV Translation—English to Chinese

**Directions:** This part, numbered 61 through 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. After each of the sentences numbered 61 to 64, you will read four choices of suggested translation. You should choose the best translation and mark the corresponding letter. And for the paragraph numbered 65 write your translation in the corresponding space.



61. When it comes to successful overseas investments that can yield high profits, the key is which country you should put your capital in.
- A. 当产生高效益的海外投资机会到来时, 成功的关键是你要把资金投入某个国家。  
B. 如果海外投资成功了就会带来高利润, 最关键的问题是哪个国家能给你投资。  
C. 就海外投资能否成功地获取高额利润而言, 关键在于应该把资金投到哪个国家。  
D. 海外投资总会产生高效益, 成功的关键是你要把资金投向一个国家。
62. The standards and reputation of this organization are known around the world, and I know what an achievement it is to be here.
- A. 这个组织的地位和贡献众所周知, 我也知道来这里能取得什么样的成绩。  
B. 这个组织的地位和名声众所周知, 我也知道它在这里取得的成就。  
C. 这个机构的高标准和声誉举世闻名, 我知道能在这里工作就是一大成就。  
D. 这个机构的高标准和名誉举世闻名, 我知道它在这里取得了很大成就。
63. People who want to be successful depend too much on the comments of others in order to feel good about themselves.
- A. 人们想获得成功, 为了让自己感觉好就非常依赖他人的议论。  
B. 想获得成功的人过分依赖别人的评价来使自己感觉良好。  
C. 想获得成功的人通常在意别人的评价, 为了让自己感觉好。  
D. 成功者因为别人的议论而自我感觉舒服。
64. The successful completion of the book is the result of the cooperation and confidence of many people.
- A. 本书的写作很成功, 是因为许多人互相合作、具有信心。  
B. 成功地完成本书的写作是许多人互相合作、坚信不疑的结果。  
C. 这本书成功了, 结果使许多人更加合作、更加信任。  
D. 许多人的合作和信任导致了这本书的成功。

65. Success is a charming word. Everyone wants to be successful. Yet what does success mean? What kind of success should we pursue? For students, does success mean good grades, high scores on the GRE, and graduating with honors? Or does success mean being creative and original?

Similarly, for adults, does success mean big money, big houses, big cars, and big names? Or does it mean one has the insight and creativity to come up with solutions, ideas, artistic forms, theories or products that are unique and novel?

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Part V Writing

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a report (报告) about sharing the same workstations with the following information given in Chinese.

请为客运部调度 (Transit Planner) Mike Borealis 撰写一篇致全体客运工作人员 (Transit Staff) 的报告。

报告时间: 2020 年 10 月 24 日

主要内容: 工作场所清洁问题。特别是在周末无保洁人员的情况下问题特别突出。

1. 保持环境整洁;
2. 清除 (remove) 个人垃圾;
3. 归还从其他工作场所借用之物;
4. 将用过的餐盘送回餐厅;
5. 清空电冰箱。

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

### Self-evaluation

Rate your progress after completing the task:				
Objectives	Excellent	Medium	Pass	Fail
You can talk about What's Success.				
You master literal translation & free translation.				
You know how to use new words and expressions related to Success.				
You know how to write a paragraph.				