## 英语

基础模块 2

同步辅导与训练

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# UNIT

## **Travel**

## Module 1

## Warming Up & Listening and Speaking

#### 【必会词汇与短语】

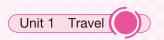
- 1. travel 旅行
- 2. make efforts to do 努力做 ......
- 3. information 信息
- 4. ticket 入场券;票
- 5. pack 打包
- 6. local 当地的
- 7. daily 每天的
- 8. look forward to 期待
- 9. search for 寻找
- 10. agency 代理公司
- 11. in front of 在……前面
- 12. cover 覆盖
- 13. all kinds of 各种各样的
- 14. wild 野生的
- 15. experience 感受; 经历
- 16. be worth doing 值得做······
- 17. be rich in 富有的; 盛产……的
- 18. can't wait 等不及; 迫不及待
- 19. national 全国的
- 20. be interested in 对……有兴趣

#### 【词汇与短语积累】

- 1. scenic spot 景点
- 2. single room 单人房
- 3. double room 双人房
- 4. family suite 套房
- 5. memo 备忘录
- 6. preference 偏好
- 7. introduction 介绍
- 8. ethnic culture 民族文化
- 9. giant 巨大的
- 10. retire 退休

### 【重点语句背诵】

- 1. 讨论旅行目的地:
- 1) We are now in the north of Yunnan Province. 我们现在在云南省的北部。
- 2) In front of us is Shangri-La. 在我们面前的是香格里拉。
- 3) Could you tell us more about Shangri-La? 你能告诉我们更多关于香格里拉的情况吗?
  - 4) We'll be there in 20 minutes. 我们 20 分钟后到。
  - 5) I'm interested in Shangri-La. 我对香格里拉很感兴趣。
  - 6) Why not take a look at Shangri-La? 为什么不去香格里拉看看呢?
- 7) What interesting places are included in the tour? 这次旅行包括哪些有趣的地方?
  - 2. 谈论旅行景点:
  - 1) Look at the snow mountains! 看那些雪山!
  - 2) The mountains have all kinds of wild animals. 山上有各种各样的野生动物。
  - 3) What is the most famous scenic spot here? 这里最有名的景点是什么?
- 4) So we'll be able to see many beautiful places. 这样我们就能看到很多美丽的地方。
  - 5) Shangri-La is also rich in ethnic culture. 香格里拉也有丰富的民族文化。
- 6) On our journey you will experience their special songs and dances. 在我们的旅程中,您将体验到他们独特的歌曲和舞蹈。
- 7) The upper part of the mountains is covered by snow all year round. 山的上半部分终年覆盖着白雪。



## **今**实基础

#### I. Match the words with their Chinese meanings. 词义搭配。

1. in front of	A. 野生的
2. agency	B. 覆盖
3. worth	C. 期待
4. wild	D. 人场券; 票
5. daily	E. 在前面
6. cover	F. 努力
7. make efforts	G. 代理公司
8. ticket	H. 每天的
9. national	I. 值得
10. look forward to	J. 全国的
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## II. Fill in the blanks with proper words. 根据句意、首字母或汉语提示填写合适单词。

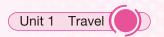
l. The museum is really( 值得) visiting.	
2. We can visit a travel a for travel products.	
3. The upper part of the mountains is(覆盖) b	y snow.
4. You should pack things for d use.	
5. The mountains have all kinds of(野生的) a	nimals.
6. In f of us is Shangri-La.	
7. Before we go out, we'd better book t in advan	ice.
8. We are looking f to seeing you on the 1st.	
9. You will be able to make e to realize your dre	ams.
10. I want to visit the Giant Panda N Park with:	my family.

### III. Choose the proper responses. 选出合适答语。

- 1. What's the room rate?
- 2. What is the most famous scenic spot here?
- 3. Why not take a look at the Sichuan Tour?
- 4. What time will you arrive, Sir?
- 5. Could you tell us more about Shangri-La?

- a. Around 6 in the evening.
- b. Shangri-La is rich in ethnic culture.
- c. 380 yuan a night.
- d. Sounds great!
- e. Shangri-La is the most famous one.

IV. Translate the following sentences into English or Chin	ese. 英汉互译。
1. 山的上部终年被雪覆盖。 (be covered by; all year around	d)
2. 在我们的旅程中, 您将体验到他们独特的歌曲和舞蹈。	(experience)
3. 这里最有名的景点是什么? (scenic spot)	
4. All of the rooms are fully booked for the 5th.	
5. So we'll be able to see many beautiful places.	
<b>沙</b> 挑战提升	
V. Do the lexical conversion. 完成词形转换, 选择相应自	<b>单词,用其正确</b>
形式完成句子。	
1. reserve v. 预订 →n. 预订	
2. travel v. 旅行 →	
3. nation $n$ . 国家; 民族 $\rightarrow$ $adj$ . 全国的 $\rightarrow$ inte	ernational <i>adj</i> . 国
际的	
4n. 感受; 经历; v. 经历; 体验 → experienced	adj. 有经验的
5. day <i>n</i> . 一天 → <i>adj</i> . 每天的	
6. They live from to, looking after their	sick daughter.
7. I'd like to a table for three for eight o'clock in the	he restaurant.
8. Traditional culture is a precious treasure for a	
9. John has been driving for thirty years, and he's a(n)	driver.
10 is a good way to broaden our horizons(眼界:	; 视野).
VI. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单	<b>项选择</b> 。
1. Why not our plans and go somewhere else inste	
	). to change
2. Oranges are rich Vitamin C, which is benef	Č
health.	
A. for B. in C. on D	). at



3. I can't wait	back to my hometown to meet my old friends.			
A. getting	B. get	C. gotten	D. to get	
4. He was forced to	becau			
A. retire	B. retired	C. work	D. worked	
5. His suggestion is quite meaningful and worth				
A. to consider	B. considers	C. considering	D. consider	

## Module 2

## **Reading & Writing**

### 【必会词汇与短语】

- 1. dynasty 朝代
- 2. take care of 照顾; 注意
- 3. give up 放弃
- 4. dream 梦想
- 5. with the support of 在……的支持下
- 6. set off 出发
- 7. at the age of 在……岁时
- 8. in order to 为了
- 9. avoid 避免
- 10. comfortably 舒服地;舒适地
- 11. luggage 行李
- 12. all sorts of 各种各样的
- 13. think of 想到
- 14. quit 放弃
- 15. spend 花费
- 16. throughout 遍及; 到处
- 17. record 记录
- 18. discovery 发现
- 19. diary 目记
- 20. finally 最后
- 21. value 价值

### 英语基础模块 2 同步辅导与训练

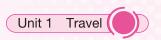
22. be well-known for 因……而出名

#### 【词汇与短语积累】

- 1. at an early age 早年; 年轻时
- 2. pass through 穿过; 通过
- 3. due to 因为; 由于
- 4. pass away 去世
- 5. hold on 坚持
- 6. passion 热情
- 7. curiosity 好奇心
- 8. seek to 寻找
- 9. flavor 风味
- 10. sightseeing 观光

#### 【重点语句背诵】

- 1. When he was 19, his father died and he had to take care of his mother. 19 岁的时候,他的父亲去世了,他不得不照顾母亲。
- 2. However, Xu Xiake never gave up his dream of traveling. 然而,徐霞客从未放弃过他的旅行梦想。
- 3. With the support of his family, Xu Xiake set off for the first time at 22 and took four major trips in his lifetime. 在家人的支持下,徐霞客 22 岁时首次出游,并进行了人生中的四次主要游历。
- 4. Although he experienced all sorts of difficulties, Xu Xiake never thought of quitting. 尽管经历了各种各样的困难,徐霞客从未考虑过放弃。
- 5. Xu Xiake spent over 30 years traveling throughout the country. 徐霞客花了 30 多年时间游历祖国。
- 6. He carefully studied the places he passed through and recorded his experiences and discoveries in his diary. 他细心研究他走过的地方,并把他的经历和发现记录在日记中。
- 7. Due to his effort, the diary finally became *The Travel Notes of Xu Xiake*. 由于他所做的努力,这些日记最终成为《徐霞客游记》一书。
- 8. It is well-known for its value in Chinese history. 它因其在中国历史上的价值而闻名。



## **今**实基础

## I. Match the words with their Chinese meanings. 词义搭配。

1. luggage	A. 各种各样的
2. record	B. 朝代
3. give up	C. 照顾;注意
4. throughout	D. 记录
5. avoid	E. 放弃
6. take care of	F. 行李
7. finally	G. 避免
8. all sorts of	H. 遍及;到处
9. in order to	I. 为了
10. dynasty	J. 最后
II. Fill in the blanks with proper wo	rds. 根据首字母提示填写合适单词。
Xu Xiake was a famous traveler in	the Ming 1. D . When he was
	of his mother. However, Xu
	eling. In 4. o to take more first-
	veling comfortably. He often carried his
	d all 7. s of difficulties. Xu spent
	e country, carefully studied the places he
	periences and discoveries in his diary. The
diary 10. f became <i>The Travel N</i>	
III. Rearrange the words to make a	sentence. 连词成句。
1. major / Xu Xiake / his / in / took /	trips / lifetime / four /.
· ·	·
2. Xu Xiake / about / in / books / dif	ferent / became / places / interested /.
3. Chinese / It / well-known / is / its	/ in / for / value / history /.
4. traveling / 30 years / the / Xu Xial	ke / over / spent / throughout / country /.

5. an / started / He / at / early / traveling / age /.

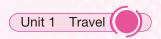
#### IV. Translate the following sentences into English or Chinese. 英汉互译。

- 1. 尽管经历了各种各样的困难,徐霞客从未考虑过放弃。(all sorts of; quit)
- 2. 由于他所做的努力,这些日记最终成为《徐霞客游记》。(due to; finally; *The Travel Notes of Xu Xiake*)
  - 3. 徐霞客 22 岁时首次出游。(set off)
- 4. Xu Xiake chose to go almost everywhere on foot and carried his luggage on the back.
  - 5. Man who travels far knows more.

## 優 挑战提升

## V. Do the lexical conversion. 完成词形转换,选择相应单词,用其正确形式完成句子。

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ *n*. 价值 → valuable *adj*. 珍贵的
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n. 好奇心 → curious adj. 好奇的
- 3. v. 发现 → discovery n. 发现 → cover v. 覆盖
- 4. final adj. 最终的 → adv. 终于
- 5. comfort n. 舒适; v. 安慰  $\rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_ adj. 令人舒适的  $\rightarrow$  comfortably adv. 舒适地
  - 6. He lay \_\_\_\_\_ on the sofa and read a newspaper.
  - 7. This has opened up a whole new field of research.
  - 8. Real friendship is more than money.
  - 9. He is such a \_\_\_\_\_ boy, always asking questions.
- 10. In order to get good grades, all the students are preparing for the \_\_\_\_\_exam carefully.



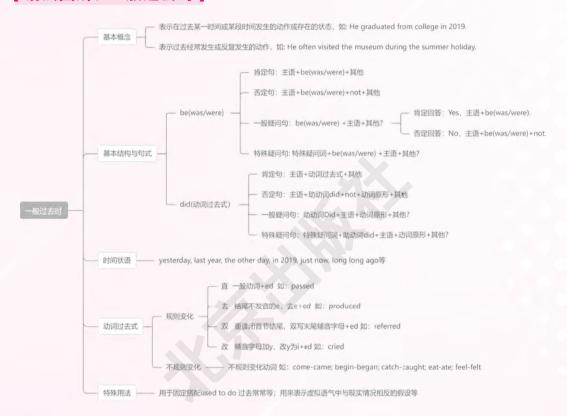
## VI. Choose the proper expressions to complete the sentences. 选择合适的短语补全句子。

	due to	pass through	take care of
	pass away	hold on	
	1. Tom was sad, for his c	log last wee	ek.
	2. He's old enough to		
	3. No matter what difficu	ılties I meet, I always	to my dream.
	4. Unfortunately,	the weather cond	litions, today's performance l
bee	n canceled.		
	5. Traffic cannot	the square until the	e meeting is over.
VI	I. Choose the right answ	ver to complete eac	h sentence. 单项选择。
			ills you use in your studies.
	A. to improving		proving
	C. to improve	D. im	proved
	2. Beijing is well-known	its long his	story.
	A. for	B. as	
	C. to	D. in	
	3. He put as fe	eling into his voice as	s he could.
	A. most	B. mu	ıch
	C. more	D. ma	nny
	4. We only just started. V	We're not going to	now.
	A. cover	B. avo	oid
	C. experience	D. qu	it
	5. They've done everything	ng they can possibly	
	A. think about	B. thi	nk of
	C. think for	D. thi	nk



#### Grammar

#### 【语法图解:一般过去时】

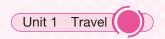


## **信法专练**

## I. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words. 用所给单词的正确形式填空。

1. L	ly (buy) some lov	vely gifts for her parents when she was
traveling i	ı Europe.	
2. I _	(meet) my former ma	ath teacher in the street last Sunday.
3. W	lking on the street last Monda	y, I (come) across an old friend.
4. Tł	ey (hear) the news a	about the accident yesterday.

5. We are disappointed that our team (not win) the contest.



	6 you	(try) to c	eall me last night?	
	7. We	(have) a great time	at the beach last weel	kend.
	8. He(	graduate) from Pek	ing University in 202	20.
!	9. Luckily, the s	tudent(	catch) the bus and	(arrive) at
schoo	l in time.			
	10. It is eight yea	rs since I	(leave) my hometow	vn.
II. C	hoose the right	answer to compl	ete each sentence.	单项选择。
	1. — Where	he go on vaca	ation?	
	— He went to	the mountains.		
	A. is	B. does	C. has	D. did
	2 you	absent from the me	eting last night?	
	A. Am	B. Is	C. Was	D. Were
	3. Tom	stay up late, but no	ow he goes to bed ear	·ly.
	A. used to	B. use to	C. was using to	D. used
• .	4. — Was there a	nice picture on the	wall?	
	·			
	A. No, there w	asn't	B. No, there were	en't
	C. No, there is	n't	D. No, there aren	ı't
	5. My mother sai	id we ou	t for a picnic if the	weather was fine the
next S	Saturday.			
	A. will go		B. would went	
	C. will went		D. would go	
	6. Han Mei	and	some beautiful mov	ie songs last night.
	A. play; sing	B. played; sang	g C. plays; sings	D. plays; sing
	7. Mary	her coat as soon a	s she came into the r	oom.
	A. took off	B. put off	C. turned off	D. cut off
	8. — Jack, could	you tell me	the new hat?	
	— I bought it i	n a shop.		
	A. where did y	ou buy	B. where will yo	u buy
	C. where you be	oought	D. where you wi	ll buy
	9. Linda often TV.	a shower i	n the evening, but y	esterday evening she
	A. takes; watch	nes	B. takes; watched	d
	C. took; watch	ed	D. took; watches	

## 英语基础模块 2 同步辅导与训练

10. I found there	_ a lot of subjects to choose, such as history, art and
music.	

A. are

B. is

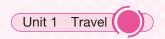
C. were

D. was

## 综合练习

## I. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单项选择。

1. When she was 8, she was interested in				
	A. read B. rea	ding	C. to read	D. reads
2.	It is impossible for an	en	gineer to make s	uch a silly mistake.
	A. experience		B. experiencia	ng
	C. experiences		D. experience	d
3.	The food smells delicious	s, I can't w	vait	
	A. have a taste		B. having a ta	ste
	C. to have a taste		D. taste	
4.	— will your fa	ther return	n home?	
	— 10 minutes			
	A. How soon; For		B. How soon;	In
	C. How long; For		D. How long;	In
5.	— Why not sig	ghtseeing	tomorrow?	
	— I preferTV	at home.		
	A. go; watch		B. going; water	ching
	C. to go; to watch		D. go; watchin	ng
6.	— When will Professor N	Mark hand	back our exam p	papers?
	— They will be returned		·	
	A. for three days		B. by three da	ays
	C. in three days		D. at three day	ys
7.	Tina's brother is only	bo	y, but he can play	y the violin well.
	A. a 8-year-old		B. an 8-years-	-old
	C. an 8-year-old		D. a 8-years-c	old
8.	My dad TV ye	sterday ev	ening. Instead, h	e went to the cinema.
	A. did watch		B. was watch	
	C. wasn't watch		D. didn't wate	eh



9. –	— How much mo	ney do you	on snacks?	
-	— Very little. But	my new clothes _	me much	money.
F	A. take; spend		B. spend; cost	
(	C. pay; spend		D. pay; cost	
10.	Go th	e street, drive	the tunnel (	遂道), and you will
find the 1	museum.			
	A. over; through	ı	B. through; throu	gh
	C. across; through	gh	D. through; acros	S
11.	Mary said she w	as looking forward	d to to he	r hometown.
	A. returning	B. returned	C. return	D. returns
12.	Much of the cou	ntry for	est.	
	A. is covered by		B. covered with	
	C. is covered in		D. is covered	
13.	The Smiths	for Italy for	holiday last Saturda	ay.
	A. set down	B. set up	C. set off	D. set about
14.	She told me that	shelea	ve until I came back	ζ.
	A. will not	B. not	C. do not	D. would not
15.	We have made a	lot of friends sinc	e we here	e.
	A. had move	B. moved	C. have moved	D. had moved
16.	— When	you	your breakfast this	morning?
	— At 7:00 am.			
	A. have; had	B. do; have	C. will; have	D. did; have
17.	My cousin is v	ery busy with his	s work. He has	time to read
newspap	ers.			
	A. little	B. few	C. a little	D. a few
18.	enoug	h money, he work	ed late into the nigh	ıt.
	A. In order to ea	ırn	B. In order to ear	ning
	C. In order that	earn	D. So as to earning	ng
19.	heavy	traffic, he was lat	e for the meeting.	
	A. Due to		B. Because	
	C. In spite of		D. According to	
20.	Checking your	answers before	handing in your p	paper can help you
	_ making mistak	es.		
	A. allow	B. provide	C. advise	D. avoid

## II. Look at the pictures and choose the right answers. 根据图片所提供信息选出正确选项。

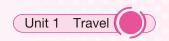
阅读图 1 完成练习 1 ~ 2。

1. John Doe was on a flight from Sy	ydney	SYDNEY -	→ PARIS	
and his seat number was		PASSENGER		
A. 4B		JOHN DOE FLIGHT SE	AT	
B. 17B		AV 1A7 4E		
C. 25A		27 JUN 2022	BOARDING PASS	
2. John Doe chose the flight	to	25 A	JOHN DOE	
Paris on August 3.			London Paris	
A. AV 1A7			AB 7815 03 Aug 19:10 S216 Eibbl Scat	
B. AB 7815			A B 17B	
C. 25A				
阅读图 2 完成练习 3 ~ 5。	3		图 1	
3. Tourists will arrive at the Peace	Time	Itinerary	Remarks	
Hotel by .	8:00	Picking up	To LuJiazui by bus  Oriental Pearl TV Tower	
A. ship	9:30	LuJiazui	Jinmao Tower	
B. airplane	9.30	Lusiazui	Shanghai World Financial	
C. bus			Center (SWFC)  Across the Huangpu rive	
	11:30	Leave for Yuyuan Garden by cruise		
4. The scenic spot tourists can't visit	12:00	Lunch time	Nanxiang steamed dumpings	
in Lujiazui is	13:30 Yisit Yuyuan Gaidon			
A. Jinmao Tower			Town God's Temple  Go to the Peace Hotel in	
B. Oriental Pearl TV Tower	16:30	Settle down	Shanghai	
C. Yuyuan Garden	17:00	Have a rest	Check in and distribute the room	
5. Tourists will at 18:00.	18:00	Dinner time	Eat at the Chinese Restaurant in the Peace Hotel	
A. have a dinner	19:30	Take a walk	See the night scenery of the	
B. take a walk	, 10 May 1 May 10		bund	
C. have a visit		图 2	2	

#### III. Read the passage and choose the right answers. 完形填空。

For many of us, not everyone can afford to travel long distances, but staycations (居家度假; 在本地度假) are within our reach. Let's focus on just how \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_ staycations can really be.

A staycation is a vacation you take at or \_\_\_\_\_ your home. Staycations are great because you don't have to worry about packing too much. They're a great



way to avoid the3	that goes along	with travel. Since yo	u have to	
a kitchen, you don't nee	ed to have meals at	restaurants. But you	can still go out and	
explore the area in whic	h you live,5	if you want alon	g the way.	
Staying at home m	nay seem a bit	to some peop	ole, but you can gain	
more from it! Staycatio	ns allow you to	7 where you	live just a little bit	
more. Be a i	n your own town ar	nd see what's around	d you to discover!	
During your staycat	ion, spend time with	the people in your lif	fe who are9	
to you. A staycation de	oes allow you to _	with th	ne most meaningful	
people in your life and that's always good for you.				
1. A. exciting	B. great	C. long	D. surprising	
2. A. near	B. away from	C. outside	D. in front of	
3. A. kindness	B. stress	C. happiness	D. sadness	
4. A. trips	B. meals	C. access (接近)	D. vacation	
5. A. eating out		B. traveling around	d	
C. standing out		D. sitting around		
6. A. interesting	B. relaxing	C. worrying	D. boring	
7. A. find	B. appreciate	C. touch	D. love	
8. A. tourist	B. guide	C. guest	D. passenger	
9. A. familiar	B. close	C. important	D. helpful	
10. A. stay	B. talk	C. communicate	D. reconnect	

### IV. Read the passage and choose the right answers. 阅读理解。

#### Α

Where are you going to travel on your winter vacation? Guangzhou Chimelong Safari Park (长隆野生动物园) is a perfect place to visit. It is one of the biggest natural parks in China and Guangzhou's only national 5A grade scenic spot tourism resort.

Chimelong Safari Park is the first park in China to introduce a self-drive tour. The self-drive tour allows visitors to view the animals while driving their own car around the park. They can drive slowly and stop to take some photos of them if they like. But they cannot get off in the self-drive area.

Chimelong Safari Park is the best choice for animal lovers because it's home for some beautiful and special animals including white tigers, pandas and so on. There are also some individual science centers where animal lovers can learn more

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about different animals' behaviors (行为) and their habitats (栖息地).

Chimelong Safari Park is open from 9:30 am to 6 pm on weekdays, and on weekends from 9:30 am to 6:30 pm.

Ticket price: Adult 250 *yuan*. Children between 1.2m and 1.5m in height and seniors over 65 years old can enter the park at 125 *yuan* with their ID card. Children under 1.2m are free.

- 1. When can you visit Chimelong Safari Park?
  - A. Friday 10 am.
  - B. Tuesday 6:30 pm.
  - C. Monday 10 pm.
  - D. Sunday 8 am.
- 2. What is not allowed to do during a self-drive trip?
  - A. Visitors can drive in the park.
  - B. Visitors can take pictures of animals in the car.
  - C. Visitors can get off in the self-drive area.
  - D. Visitors can stop during driving.
- 3. Who will be attracted by Chimelong Safari Park?
  - A. Plant lovers.
  - B. Geographers.
  - C. Writers.
  - D. Animal lovers.
- 4. How much do a couple have to pay if they take their one-metre-tall daughter and 70-year-old grandmother to Chimelong Safari Park?
  - A. 700 yuan.
  - B. 650 yuan.
  - C. 550 yuan.
  - D. 625 yuan.
- 5. Which of the following statements is NOT true about Chimelong Safari Park?
  - A. There are many rare animals in this park.
  - B. It is the only A grade scenic spot in China.
  - C. It is one of the largest natural parks in China.
  - D. Travelers can learn a lot about animals.



The Mogao Grottoes (莫高窟), located in Gansu Province, is a famous spot in the desert. The Mogao Grottoes is rich in artistic value, not only showing the history, society and economy of the Dunhuang region (地区), but also showing how Buddhism (佛教) became part of Chinese culture clearly in China, and how Chinese people take in and transform foreign cultures.

The Ci'en Temple ( 慈恩寺 ) is one of the famous Buddhist buildings in China. The temple was built in the Tang Dynasty by an emperor to express thanks for his mother, who passed away at a young age. Later, Xuanzang ( 玄奘 ) put the Buddhist scriptures ( 经文 ) and statues brought back from India in the temple. It clearly represents the development of Buddhist architecture and the cultural exchanges between the East and the West along the Silk Road.

The Terracotta Warriors (兵马俑) in Xi'an show Qin Shihuang's mighty army that unified China. The appearance of the Terracotta Warriors is the same as that of the real Qin soldiers, and the chariots and horses are the same size as the real ones. The army made of clay (\$  $\pm$ ) is both splendid and lifelike.

- 6. What can not be learned from studying the Mogao Grottoes?
  - A. Local history.

B. Local climate.

C. Local society.

- D. Local economy.
- 7. Why did the emperor build the Ci'en Temple?
  - A. To appear rich.
  - B. For civilized exchange.
  - C. In memory of his mother.
  - D. To store the treasure.
- 8. What do the Mogao Grottoes and the Ci'en Temple have in common?
  - A. They reflect the local economy.
  - B. They were established in the Tang Dynasty.
  - C. They are in the desert.
  - D. They are related to Buddhism.
- 9. Which of the following statements is TRUE about the Terracotta Warriors?
  - A. They are carefully reproduced in detail.
  - B. They were built in the Qin Dynasty.
  - C. They replicated the powerful army.
  - D. All of the above.

- 10. What is this article mainly about?
  - A. Famous scenic spots in China.
  - B. China's achievements in architecture.
  - C. History of Buddhism in China.

D. The process of Qin Shihuang unified China.
V. Choose the proper sentences to complete the conversation. 补全对话。
Guide: Good morning! Welcome to Beijing, and I'll be your guide for the day.
1
Tourist: That sounds great. I heard the Great Wall has a long history, right?
Guide: 2  Tourist: I can't wait to see it. 3.
Guide: The mountains are very beautiful and there is dense vegetation ( 植被 ) on the mountains.
Tourist: It all sounds amazing. 4
Guide: Just remember to wear comfortable shoes as there's a lot of walking involved.
Tourist: Thanks for the tips. How long can we get to the Great Wall?
Guide: 5 We have a full day ahead of us, and there's so much to
see.
A. Is there anything I should know before we go?
B. Can I help you?
C. We'll start with the Great Wall today.
D. Do you like traveling?
E. Are there any famous spots on the Great Wall?
F. In about an hour.
G. Yes, the Great Wall was built by the emperor to defend against
his enemies.
VI. Fill in the blanks with proper words. 语法填空。
Are you a 1 (travel) or a tourist when you go on a trip? Are you
more interested in visiting famous sites? Do you like to follow a 2 (plan)
schedule? Do you prefer to stay in 3 (comfort) hotels? If your answers

are all "yes", yo	ou might be a tourist. A tourist is someone who visits a place for a			
short time, usu	ally for fun or relaxation. Tourists often go to popular places and			
enjoy 4	(active) that many other people do. A traveler is someone who			
5(ex	perience) a trip in depth (深入地). Travelers like to discover and			
try new things.	Lesser-known places are more worth 6 (visit) for them.			
Sometimes they	v even experience some 7 (difficult). They prefer meeting			
8(lo	cal) and 9 (learn) their customs and lifestyles. It's okay to			
be a tourist sometimes and a traveler at other times. The most important thing is to				
enjoy your 10	(tourist) and make wonderful memories!			
VII. Write a s	hort passage according to the given information. 书面表达。			
写作要点	: 上周你游览了故宫 (the Forbidden City),请根据以下提供的信			
息写一篇游记。				
写作要求: 80 词左右; 内容需涵盖表格中信息, 可适当发挥使行文连贯。				
One-day Tour				
Time	last Sunday			
Place	the Forbidden City			
Transport	bus			
Sights	ancient building; tower; garden			
Opinion	Chinese architectural art; long history			
可参考的短语与句型: 1. be famous for 2. include 3. unique 4. scenic spot				
One-day Tour				