

英语

基础模块 2

同步辅导与训练

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英语

基础模块 ②

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English

北京出版集团
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1

Travel

UNIT

Module

1

Warming Up & Listening and Speaking

【必会词汇与短语】

1. travel 旅行
2. make efforts to do 努力做……
3. information 信息
4. ticket 入场券; 票
5. pack 打包
6. local 当地的
7. daily 每天的
8. look forward to 期待
9. search for 寻找
10. agency 代理公司
11. in front of 在……前面
12. cover 覆盖
13. all kinds of 各种各样的
14. wild 野生的
15. experience 感受; 经历
16. be worth doing 值得做……
17. be rich in 富有的; 盛产……的
18. can't wait 等不及; 迫不及待
19. national 全国的
20. be interested in 对……有兴趣

【词汇与短语积累】

1. scenic spot 景点
2. single room 单人房
3. double room 双人房
4. family suite 套房
5. memo 备忘录
6. preference 偏好
7. introduction 介绍
8. ethnic culture 民族文化
9. giant 巨大的
10. retire 退休

【重点语句背诵】

1. 讨论旅行目的地:
 - 1) We are now in the north of Yunnan Province. 我们现在在云南省的北部。
 - 2) In front of us is Shangri-La. 在我们面前的是香格里拉。
 - 3) Could you tell us more about Shangri-La? 你能告诉我们更多关于香格里拉的情况吗?
 - 4) We'll be there in 20 minutes. 我们 20 分钟后到。
 - 5) I'm interested in Shangri-La. 我对香格里拉很感兴趣。
 - 6) Why not take a look at Shangri-La? 为什么不去香格里拉看看呢?
 - 7) What interesting places are included in the tour? 这次旅行包括哪些有趣的地方?
2. 谈论旅行景点:
 - 1) Look at the snow mountains! 看那些雪山!
 - 2) The mountains have all kinds of wild animals. 山上有各种各样的野生动物。
 - 3) What is the most famous scenic spot here? 这里最有名的景点是什么?
 - 4) So we'll be able to see many beautiful places. 这样我们就能看到很多美丽的地方。
 - 5) Shangri-La is also rich in ethnic culture. 香格里拉也有丰富的民族文化。
 - 6) On our journey you will experience their special songs and dances. 在我们的旅程中, 您将体验到他们独特的歌曲和舞蹈。
 - 7) The upper part of the mountains is covered by snow all year round. 山的上半部分终年覆盖着白雪。



夯实基础

I. Match the words with their Chinese meanings. 词义搭配。

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| 1. in front of | A. 野生的 |
| 2. agency | B. 覆盖 |
| 3. worth | C. 期待 |
| 4. wild | D. 入场券; 票 |
| 5. daily | E. 在……前面 |
| 6. cover | F. 努力 |
| 7. make efforts | G. 代理公司 |
| 8. ticket | H. 每天的 |
| 9. national | I. 值得 |
| 10. look forward to | J. 全国的 |

II. Fill in the blanks with proper words. 根据句意、首字母或汉语提示填写合适单词。

- The museum is really _____ (值得) visiting.
- We can visit a travel a _____ for travel products.
- The upper part of the mountains is _____ (覆盖) by snow.
- You should pack things for d _____ use.
- The mountains have all kinds of _____ (野生的) animals.
- In f _____ of us is Shangri-La.
- Before we go out, we'd better book t _____ in advance.
- We are looking f _____ to seeing you on the 1st.
- You will be able to make e _____ to realize your dreams.
- I want to visit the Giant Panda N _____ Park with my family.

III. Choose the proper responses. 选出合适答语。

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. What's the room rate? | a. Around 6 in the evening. |
| 2. What is the most famous scenic spot here? | b. Shangri-La is rich in ethnic culture. |
| 3. Why not take a look at the Sichuan Tour? | c. 380 yuan a night. |
| 4. What time will you arrive, Sir? | d. Sounds great! |
| 5. Could you tell us more about Shangri-La? | e. Shangri-La is the most famous one. |

IV. Translate the following sentences into English or Chinese. 英汉互译。

1. 山的上部终年被雪覆盖。(be covered by; all year around)

2. 在我们的旅程中，您将体验到他们独特的歌曲和舞蹈。(experience)

3. 这里最有名的景点是什么？(scenic spot)

4. All of the rooms are fully booked for the 5th.

5. So we'll be able to see many beautiful places.



挑战提升

V. Do the lexical conversion. 完成词形转换，选择相应单词，用其正确形式完成句子。

1. reserve v. 预订 → _____ n. 预订
2. travel v. 旅行 → _____ n. 旅行家
3. nation n. 国家；民族 → _____ adj. 全国的 → international adj. 国际的
4. _____ n. 感受；经历；v. 经历；体验 → experienced adj. 有经验的
5. day n. 一天 → _____ adj. 每天的
6. They live from _____ to _____, looking after their sick daughter.
7. I'd like to _____ a table for three for eight o'clock in the restaurant.
8. Traditional culture is a precious treasure for a _____.
9. John has been driving for thirty years, and he's a(n) _____ driver.
10. _____ is a good way to broaden our horizons (眼界；视野).

VI. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单项选择。

1. Why not _____ our plans and go somewhere else instead?
A. changing B. change C. changed D. to change
2. Oranges are rich _____ Vitamin C, which is beneficial for people's health.
A. for B. in C. on D. at

3. I can't wait _____ back to my hometown to meet my old friends.
A. getting B. get C. gotten D. to get
4. He was forced to _____ because of ill health.
A. retire B. retired C. work D. worked
5. His suggestion is quite meaningful and worth _____.
A. to consider B. considers C. considering D. consider

Module

2

Reading & Writing

【必会词汇与短语】

1. dynasty 朝代
2. take care of 照顾；注意
3. give up 放弃
4. dream 梦想
5. with the support of 在……的支持下
6. set off 出发
7. at the age of 在……岁时
8. in order to 为了
9. avoid 避免
10. comfortably 舒服地；舒适地
11. luggage 行李
12. all sorts of 各种各样的
13. think of 想到
14. quit 放弃
15. spend 花费
16. throughout 遍及；到处
17. record 记录
18. discovery 发现
19. diary 日记
20. finally 最后
21. value 价值

22. be well-known for 因……而出名

【词汇与短语积累】

1. at an early age 早年；年轻时
2. pass through 穿过；通过
3. due to 因为；由于
4. pass away 去世
5. hold on 坚持
6. passion 热情
7. curiosity 好奇心
8. seek to 寻找
9. flavor 风味
10. sightseeing 观光

【重点语句背诵】

1. When he was 19, his father died and he had to take care of his mother. 19 岁的时候，他的父亲去世了，他不得不照顾母亲。

2. However, Xu Xiake never gave up his dream of traveling. 然而，徐霞客从未放弃过他的旅行梦想。

3. With the support of his family, Xu Xiake set off for the first time at 22 and took four major trips in his lifetime. 在家人的支持下，徐霞客 22 岁时首次出游，并进行了人生中的四次主要游历。

4. Although he experienced all sorts of difficulties, Xu Xiake never thought of quitting. 尽管经历了各种各样的困难，徐霞客从未考虑过放弃。

5. Xu Xiake spent over 30 years traveling throughout the country. 徐霞客花了 30 多年时间游历祖国。

6. He carefully studied the places he passed through and recorded his experiences and discoveries in his diary. 他细心研究他走过的地方，并把他的经历和发现记录在日记中。

7. Due to his effort, the diary finally became *The Travel Notes of Xu Xiake*. 由于他所做的努力，这些日记最终成为《徐霞客游记》一书。

8. It is well-known for its value in Chinese history. 它因其在中国历史上的价值而闻名。



夯实基础

I. Match the words with their Chinese meanings. 词义搭配。

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------|
| 1. luggage | A. 各种各样的 |
| 2. record | B. 朝代 |
| 3. give up | C. 照顾; 注意 |
| 4. throughout | D. 记录 |
| 5. avoid | E. 放弃 |
| 6. take care of | F. 行李 |
| 7. finally | G. 避免 |
| 8. all sorts of | H. 遍及; 到处 |
| 9. in order to | I. 为了 |
| 10. dynasty | J. 最后 |

II. Fill in the blanks with proper words. 根据首字母提示填写合适单词。

Xu Xiaoke was a famous traveler in the Ming 1. D_____. When he was 19, his father died and he had to take 2. c_____ of his mother. However, Xu never 3. g_____ up his dream of traveling. In 4. o_____ to take more first-hand experiences, he 5. a_____ traveling comfortably. He often carried his 6. l_____ on the back and experienced all 7. s_____ of difficulties. Xu spent over 30 years traveling 8. t_____ the country, carefully studied the places he passed through and 9. r_____ his experiences and discoveries in his diary. The diary 10. f_____ became *The Travel Notes of Xu Xiaoke*.

III. Rearrange the words to make a sentence. 连词成句。

1. major / Xu Xiaoke / his / in / took / trips / lifetime / four / .

2. Xu Xiaoke / about / in / books / different / became / places / interested / .

3. Chinese / It / well-known / is / its / in / for / value / history / .

4. traveling / 30 years / the / Xu Xiaoke / over / spent / throughout / country / .

5. an / started / He / at / early / traveling / age /.

IV. Translate the following sentences into English or Chinese. 英汉互译。

1. 尽管经历了各种各样的困难，徐霞客从未考虑过放弃。(all sorts of; quit)

2. 由于他所做的努力，这些日记最终成为《徐霞客游记》。(due to; finally; *The Travel Notes of Xu Xiake*)

3. 徐霞客 22 岁时首次出游。(set off)

4. Xu Xiake chose to go almost everywhere on foot and carried his luggage on the back.

5. Man who travels far knows more.



挑战提升

V. Do the lexical conversion. 完成词形转换，选择相应单词，用其正确形式完成句子。

- _____ *n.* 价值 → *valuable adj.* 珍贵的
- _____ *n.* 好奇心 → *curious adj.* 好奇的
- _____ *v.* 发现 → *discovery n.* 发现 → *cover v.* 覆盖
- final adj.* 最终的 → _____ *adv.* 终于
- comfort n.* 舒适; *v.* 安慰 → _____ *adj.* 令人舒适的 → *comfortably adv.* 舒适地
- He lay _____ on the sofa and read a newspaper.
- This _____ has opened up a whole new field of research.
- Real friendship is more _____ than money.
- He is such a _____ boy, always asking questions.
- In order to get good grades, all the students are preparing for the _____ exam carefully.

VI. Choose the proper expressions to complete the sentences. 选择合适的短语补全句子。

due to

pass through

take care of

pass away

hold on

1. Tom was sad, for his dog _____ last week.
2. He's old enough to _____ himself.
3. No matter what difficulties I meet, I always _____ to my dream.
4. Unfortunately, _____ the weather conditions, today's performance has been canceled.
5. Traffic cannot _____ the square until the meeting is over.

VII. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单项选择。

1. As a student, you will seek _____ the skills you use in your studies.
A. to improving B. improving
C. to improve D. improved
2. Beijing is well-known _____ its long history.
A. for B. as
C. to D. in
3. He put as _____ feeling into his voice as he could.
A. most B. much
C. more D. many
4. We only just started. We're not going to _____ now.
A. cover B. avoid
C. experience D. quit
5. They've done everything they can possibly _____.
A. think about B. think of
C. think for D. think

Module 3

Grammar

【语法图解：一般过去时】



语法专练

I. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words. 用所给单词的正确形式填空。

- Lily _____ (buy) some lovely gifts for her parents when she was traveling in Europe.
- I _____ (meet) my former math teacher in the street last Sunday.
- Walking on the street last Monday, I _____ (come) across an old friend.
- They _____ (hear) the news about the accident yesterday.
- We are disappointed that our team _____ (not win) the contest.

6. _____ you _____ (try) to call me last night?
 7. We _____ (have) a great time at the beach last weekend.
 8. He _____ (graduate) from Peking University in 2020.
 9. Luckily, the student _____ (catch) the bus and _____ (arrive) at school in time.
 10. It is eight years since I _____ (leave) my hometown.

II. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单项选择。

1. — Where _____ he go on vacation?
 — He went to the mountains.
 A. is B. does C. has D. did
2. _____ you absent from the meeting last night?
 A. Am B. Is C. Was D. Were
3. Tom _____ stay up late, but now he goes to bed early.
 A. used to B. use to C. was using to D. used
4. — Was there a nice picture on the wall?
 — _____.
 A. No, there wasn't B. No, there weren't
 C. No, there isn't D. No, there aren't
5. My mother said we _____ out for a picnic if the weather was fine the next Saturday.
 A. will go B. would went
 C. will went D. would go
6. Han Mei _____ and _____ some beautiful movie songs last night.
 A. play; sing B. played; sang C. plays; sings D. plays; sing
7. Mary _____ her coat as soon as she came into the room.
 A. took off B. put off C. turned off D. cut off
8. — Jack, could you tell me _____ the new hat?
 — I bought it in a shop.
 A. where did you buy B. where will you buy
 C. where you bought D. where you will buy
9. Linda often _____ a shower in the evening, but yesterday evening she _____ TV.
 A. takes; watches B. takes; watched
 C. took; watched D. took; watches

10. I found there _____ a lot of subjects to choose, such as history, art and music.

- A. are B. is C. were D. was

综合练习

I. Choose the right answer to complete each sentence. 单项选择。

- When she was 8, she was interested in _____.
A. read B. reading C. to read D. reads
- It is impossible for an _____ engineer to make such a silly mistake.
A. experience B. experiencing
C. experiences D. experienced
- The food smells delicious, I can't wait _____.
A. have a taste B. having a taste
C. to have a taste D. taste
- _____ will your father return home?
— _____ 10 minutes.
A. How soon; For B. How soon; In
C. How long; For D. How long; In
- Why not _____ sightseeing tomorrow?
— I prefer _____ TV at home.
A. go; watch B. going; watching
C. to go; to watch D. go; watching
- When will Professor Mark hand back our exam papers?
— They will be returned _____.
A. for three days B. by three days
C. in three days D. at three days
- Tina's brother is only _____ boy, but he can play the violin well.
A. a 8-year-old B. an 8-years-old
C. an 8-year-old D. a 8-years-old
- My dad _____ TV yesterday evening. Instead, he went to the cinema.
A. did watch B. was watch
C. wasn't watch D. didn't watch

- 13 << ||

II. Look at the pictures and choose the right answers. 根据图片所提供信息选出正确选项。

阅读图 1 完成练习 1 ~ 2。

1. John Doe was on a flight from Sydney and his seat number was _____.

- A. 4B
- B. 17B
- C. 25A

2. John Doe chose the flight _____ to Paris on August 3.

- A. AV 1A7
- B. AB 7815
- C. 25A



图 1

阅读图 2 完成练习 3 ~ 5。

3. Tourists will arrive at the Peace Hotel by _____.

- A. ship
- B. airplane
- C. bus

4. The scenic spot tourists can't visit in Lujiazui is _____.

- A. Jinmao Tower
- B. Oriental Pearl TV Tower
- C. Yuyuan Garden

5. Tourists will _____ at 18:00.

- A. have a dinner
- B. take a walk
- C. have a visit

Time	Itinerary	Remarks
8:00	Picking up	To LuJiazui by bus
9:30	LuJiazui	Oriental Pearl TV Tower Jinmao Tower Shanghai World Financial Center (SWFC)
11:30	Leave for Yuyuan Garden	Across the Huangpu river by cruise
12:00	Lunch time	Nanxiang steamed dumplings
13:30	Visit	Yuyuan Gaidon Town God's Temple
16:30	Settle down	Go to the Peace Hotel in Shanghai
17:00	Have a rest	Check in and distribute the room
18:00	Dinner time	Eat at the Chinese Restaurant in the Peace Hotel
19:30	Take a walk	See the night scenery of the bund

图 2

III. Read the passage and choose the right answers. 完形填空。

For many of us, not everyone can afford to travel long distances, but staycations (居家度假; 在本地度假) are within our reach. Let's focus on just how 1 staycations can really be.

A staycation is a vacation you take at or 2 your home. Staycations are great because you don't have to worry about packing too much. They're a great

way to avoid the 3 that goes along with travel. Since you have 4 to a kitchen, you don't need to have meals at restaurants. But you can still go out and explore the area in which you live, 5 if you want along the way.

Staying at home may seem a bit 6 to some people, but you can gain more from it! Staycations allow you to 7 where you live just a little bit more. Be a 8 in your own town and see what's around you to discover!

During your staycation, spend time with the people in your life who are 9 to you. A staycation does allow you to 10 with the most meaningful people in your life and that's always good for you.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. exciting | B. great | C. long | D. surprising |
| 2. A. near | B. away from | C. outside | D. in front of |
| 3. A. kindness | B. stress | C. happiness | D. sadness |
| 4. A. trips | B. meals | C. access (接近) | D. vacation |
| 5. A. eating out | | B. traveling around | |
| | C. standing out | D. sitting around | |
| 6. A. interesting | B. relaxing | C. worrying | D. boring |
| 7. A. find | B. appreciate | C. touch | D. love |
| 8. A. tourist | B. guide | C. guest | D. passenger |
| 9. A. familiar | B. close | C. important | D. helpful |
| 10. A. stay | B. talk | C. communicate | D. reconnect |

IV. Read the passage and choose the right answers. 阅读理解。

A

Where are you going to travel on your winter vacation? Guangzhou Chimelong Safari Park (长隆野生动物园) is a perfect place to visit. It is one of the biggest natural parks in China and Guangzhou's only national 5A grade scenic spot tourism resort.

Chimelong Safari Park is the first park in China to introduce a self-drive tour. The self-drive tour allows visitors to view the animals while driving their own car around the park. They can drive slowly and stop to take some photos of them if they like. But they cannot get off in the self-drive area.

Chimelong Safari Park is the best choice for animal lovers because it's home for some beautiful and special animals including white tigers, pandas and so on. There are also some individual science centers where animal lovers can learn more

about different animals' behaviors (行为) and their habitats (栖息地).

Chimelong Safari Park is open from 9:30 am to 6 pm on weekdays, and on weekends from 9:30 am to 6:30 pm.

Ticket price: Adult 250 *yuan*. Children between 1.2m and 1.5m in height and seniors over 65 years old can enter the park at 125 *yuan* with their ID card. Children under 1.2m are free.

1. When can you visit Chimelong Safari Park?
 - A. Friday 10 am.
 - B. Tuesday 6:30 pm.
 - C. Monday 10 pm.
 - D. Sunday 8 am.
2. What is not allowed to do during a self-drive trip?
 - A. Visitors can drive in the park.
 - B. Visitors can take pictures of animals in the car.
 - C. Visitors can get off in the self-drive area.
 - D. Visitors can stop during driving.
3. Who will be attracted by Chimelong Safari Park?
 - A. Plant lovers.
 - B. Geographers.
 - C. Writers.
 - D. Animal lovers.
4. How much do a couple have to pay if they take their one-metre-tall daughter and 70-year-old grandmother to Chimelong Safari Park?
 - A. 700 *yuan*.
 - B. 650 *yuan*.
 - C. 550 *yuan*.
 - D. 625 *yuan*.
5. Which of the following statements is NOT true about Chimelong Safari Park?
 - A. There are many rare animals in this park.
 - B. It is the only A grade scenic spot in China.
 - C. It is one of the largest natural parks in China.
 - D. Travelers can learn a lot about animals.

B

The Mogao Grottoes (莫高窟), located in Gansu Province, is a famous spot in the desert. The Mogao Grottoes is rich in artistic value, not only showing the history, society and economy of the Dunhuang region (地区), but also showing how Buddhism (佛教) became part of Chinese culture clearly in China, and how Chinese people take in and transform foreign cultures.

The Ci'en Temple (慈恩寺) is one of the famous Buddhist buildings in China. The temple was built in the Tang Dynasty by an emperor to express thanks for his mother, who passed away at a young age. Later, Xuanzang (玄奘) put the Buddhist scriptures (经文) and statues brought back from India in the temple. It clearly represents the development of Buddhist architecture and the cultural exchanges between the East and the West along the Silk Road.

The Terracotta Warriors (兵马俑) in Xi'an show Qin Shihuang's mighty army that unified China. The appearance of the Terracotta Warriors is the same as that of the real Qin soldiers, and the chariots and horses are the same size as the real ones. The army made of clay (黏土) is both splendid and lifelike.

6. What can not be learned from studying the Mogao Grottoes?
 - A. Local history.
 - B. Local climate.
 - C. Local society.
 - D. Local economy.
7. Why did the emperor build the Ci'en Temple?
 - A. To appear rich.
 - B. For civilized exchange.
 - C. In memory of his mother.
 - D. To store the treasure.
8. What do the Mogao Grottoes and the Ci'en Temple have in common?
 - A. They reflect the local economy.
 - B. They were established in the Tang Dynasty.
 - C. They are in the desert.
 - D. They are related to Buddhism.
9. Which of the following statements is TRUE about the Terracotta Warriors?
 - A. They are carefully reproduced in detail.
 - B. They were built in the Qin Dynasty.
 - C. They replicated the powerful army.
 - D. All of the above.

10. What is this article mainly about?
- A. Famous scenic spots in China.
 - B. China's achievements in architecture.
 - C. History of Buddhism in China.
 - D. The process of Qin Shihuang unified China.

V. Choose the proper sentences to complete the conversation. 补全对话。

Guide: Good morning! Welcome to Beijing, and I'll be your guide for the day.

1. _____

Tourist: That sounds great. I heard the Great Wall has a long history, right?

Guide: 2. _____

Tourist: I can't wait to see it. 3. _____

Guide: The mountains are very beautiful and there is dense vegetation (植被) on the mountains.

Tourist: It all sounds amazing. 4. _____

Guide: Just remember to wear comfortable shoes as there's a lot of walking involved.

Tourist: Thanks for the tips. How long can we get to the Great Wall?

Guide: 5. _____ We have a full day ahead of us, and there's so much to see.

A. Is there anything I should know before we go?

B. Can I help you?

C. We'll start with the Great Wall today.

D. Do you like traveling?

E. Are there any famous spots on the Great Wall?

F. In about an hour.

G. Yes, the Great Wall was built by the emperor to defend against his enemies.

VI. Fill in the blanks with proper words. 语法填空。

Are you a 1. _____ (travel) or a tourist when you go on a trip? Are you more interested in visiting famous sites? Do you like to follow a 2. _____ (plan) schedule? Do you prefer to stay in 3. _____ (comfort) hotels? If your answers

are all “yes”, you might be a tourist. A tourist is someone who visits a place for a short time, usually for fun or relaxation. Tourists often go to popular places and enjoy 4. _____ (active) that many other people do. A traveler is someone who 5. _____ (experience) a trip in depth (深入地). Travelers like to discover and try new things. Lesser-known places are more worth 6. _____ (visit) for them. Sometimes they even experience some 7. _____ (difficult). They prefer meeting 8. _____ (local) and 9. _____ (learn) their customs and lifestyles. It’s okay to be a tourist sometimes and a traveler at other times. The most important thing is to enjoy your 10. _____ (tourist) and make wonderful memories!

VII. Write a short passage according to the given information. 书面表达。

写作要点：上周你游览了故宫 (the Forbidden City)，请根据以下提供的信息写一篇游记。

写作要求：80 词左右；内容需涵盖表格中信息，可适当发挥使行文连贯。

One-day Tour	
Time	last Sunday
Place	the Forbidden City
Transport	bus
Sights	ancient building; tower; garden
Opinion	Chinese architectural art; long history

可参考的短语与句型：1. be famous for 2. include 3. unique 4. scenic spot

One-day Tour