

目 录

Unit 1 Reading Success / 1

Unit 2 Living in a Green World / 16

Unit 3 Unlimited Communication / 33

Unit 4 Animals Are Smarter than We Think / 48

Unit 5 Great Love Unconditionally / 62

Unit 6 Overseas Chinese / 78

Unit 7 Chinese Cultural Highlights / 93

Unit 8 How to Be a Successful Job Seeker / 108

Unit 2

Living in a Green World

Part One

Text Exercises



Word Building

I . Use the suffixes, -er/or to form adjectives or nouns.

beg—	conquer—
counsel—	success—
sail—	own—
prison—	produce—
educate—	sing—

II . Fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets.

1. There is a rapid increase in population in that country that has caused food _____ (short) .
2. The _____ (deep) of the river which runs through our village is over 15 feet.
3. During the earthquake the room _____ (shake) and all the pictures fell off the wall.
4. No one should allow himself to be _____ (emotion) hurt by anyone.
5. The project was not actually realized as it was not very _____ (practice) .
6. This is a very _____ (danger) road, there were at least five serious accidents last year.
7. There were only a few _____ (survive) from the air crash.
8. A well _____ (establish) friendship carries a long history of experience and interaction.
9. After careful _____ (consider), the committee decided to recommend Mr. Smith for the post.
10. When the _____ (sick) child fell into asleep, the mother slipped in.



Vocabulary

I . Match the English words in Column A with those in Column B.

Column A	Column B
1. synthetic	a. having no useful result
2. deliberate	b. attack
3. futile	c. artificial
4. span	d. pollution
5. assault	e. arising from careful consideration
6. modify	f. violent
7. mold	g. irreparable
8. irrecoverable	h. alter
9. impetuous	i. change into a particular shape
10. contamination	j. a period of time

II . Translate the expressions into Chinese or English.

1. energy efficient	_____	9. 努力投入	_____
2. environmentally safe	_____	10. 可再利用原料	_____
3. waxed paper	_____	11. 天然材料	_____
4. caustic waste	_____	12. 食品污染	_____
5. stumbling block	_____	13. 自然法则	_____
6. physical examination	_____	14. 化学作用	_____
7. physical environment	_____	15. 社会影响	_____
8. annual ring	_____	16. 年度报告	_____

III. Fill in each blank with a word you have learned from Text B.

It took hundreds of millions of years to _____ the life that now inhabits the earth. Given time not in years but in millennia life adjusts, and a balance has been _____. But in the modern world there is no time. The _____ of change follows the impetuous pace of man rather than the deliberate pace of nature. Radiation is now the _____ creation of man's tampering with the atom. The chemicals are the synthetic creations of man's _____ mind, having no counterparts in nature.

IV. Rewrite the following sentences after the model.

Model 1. That John has left for Beijing is said.

It is said that John has left for Beijing. (It... that...)

Model 2. The school bus takes the children home. (School bus)

It is the school bus that takes the children home.

1. That Mr. Brown has fallen ill is a pity. (It... that...)

2. That their group will get ahead of us is clear. (It...that...)

3. No matter how wise a mother is, she may not know her daughter. (It...that...)

4. We always take a walk after supper on the campus. (On the campus)

5. Her mother cares about him most. (Her mother)



Reading Comprehension

Task 1 Fill in each blank with a word given in the following box.

trees natural moisture district surrounded
provide rhythm cycle fed exploited

The comparatively treeless plains of North Africa have suffered a progressive drying up, both 1 and man-made, but the region was once so rich in fertile soil that the 2 we now know as the Libyan Desert was, in the old days, part of the granary (粮仓) of the Roman Empire, and the centre of the Sahara 3 a busy trading population for a long period. That was, when there were 4 in plenty and the fields were the traditional “fields of the woods” —clearings in the forest—and therefore always tree 5.

It is the trees that lift the water and send 6 into the air so that it may fall as dew or rain further on. Trees reduce the speed of the wind, and 7 shelter and shade; the roots trap minerals in the soil and these are carried to the leaves which, when they have fulfilled their function, return to the earth, giving the soil the combination of minerals that plants require.

But through the ages Africa has been 8. Successive invaders have fallen the forest to provide grazing lands for their flocks and herds. With the removal of the essential tree cover, the water 9 was broken, the earth became feverish and sick, and in course of time was unable to support those who had broken the 10 of life by removing the earth's green mantle—the trees.

Task 2 Choose the best answer.

The concept of “environment” is certainly difficult and may even be misunderstood; but we have no handy substitute. It seems simple enough to distinguish between the organism and the surrounding environment and to separate forces acting on an organism into those that are internal and biological and those that are external and environmental. But in actual practice this system breaks down in many ways,

because the organism and the environment are constantly interacting so that the environment is modified by the organism and vice versa.

In the case of man, the difficulties with the environmental concept are even more complicated because we have to deal with man as an animal and with man as a bearer of culture. If we look at man as an animal and try to analyze the environmental forces that are acting on the organism, we find that we have to deal with things like climate, soil, plants, and such-like factors common to all biological situations; but we also find, always, very important environmental influences that we can only class as “cultural”, which modify the physical and biological factors. But man, as we know him, is always a bearer of culture; and if we study human culture, we find that it, in turn, is modified by the environmental factors of climate and geography. We thus easily get into great difficulties from the necessity of viewing culture, at one moment, as a part of the man and, at another moment, as a part of the environment.

11. Which of the following can best describe the popular understanding of “environment ” as the author sees it?
 A. Elaborate. B. Prejudiced. C. Faultless. D. Oversimplified.
12. According to the author the concept of “environment” is difficult to explain because _____.
 A. it doesn’t distinguish between the organism and the environment
 B. it involves both internal and external forces
 C. the organism and the environment influence each other
 D. the relationship between the organism and the environment is unclear
13. In analyzing the environmental forces acting on man the author suggests that _____.
 A. biological factors are less important to the organism than cultural factors to man
 B. man and other animals are modified equally by the environment forces
 C. man is modified by the cultural environment as well as by the natural environment
 D. physical and biological factors exert more influence on other organisms than on man
14. As for culture, the author points out that _____.
 A. it develops side by side with environmental factors
 B. it is also affected by environmental factors
 C. it is generally accepted to be part of the environment
 D. it is a product of man’s biological instincts
15. In this passage, the author is primarily concerned with _____.
 A. the interpretation of the term “environment”
 B. the discussion on the organisms and biological environment
 C. the comparison between internal and external factors influencing man
 D. the evaluation of man’s influence on culture

Task 3 Complete the statements in not more than 5 words.

Hello. This is Greg Rice reporting for TBC News in blizzard conditions in the freezing state of Alaska.

I've just arrived here in Barrow, Alaska, to bring you live coverage of what appears to be the results of a huge meteorite impact, perhaps the largest in recent history, that occurred just twelve hours ago. The exact location of the impact is unknown, but estimates put it about 20 kilometers south of Barrow based on shock waves felt throughout the region.

Some witnesses say they saw a bright light streaking through the sky, accompanied by a roaring boom, moments before the impact. It's unknown whether there are any casualties, but it is unlikely considering this sparsely populated area.

Such impacts were commonplace during the formation of our solar system, and many believe that a meteorite 10 kilometers in diameter crashed into Earth 65 million years ago which led to the mass extinction of many animal species including the dinosaurs. It is often difficult to calculate the number of such large impacts on earth because erosion and vegetation make it difficult to spot them.

In recent years, astronomers have focused more of their attention on the paths of many uncharted space rocks or asteroids floating out there in the hope that we might be able to determine the threat they pose on mankind.

We'll keep you up-to-date on any developments here. This is Greg Rice reporting from Alaska.

16. What news event is being reported?

The news event being reported is about _____.

17. Where did this event happen?

This event occurred about _____ south of Barrow, Alaska.

18. At the time of the incident, what did the witnesses report?

Some witnesses reported observing _____.

19. What happened 65 million years ago according to this passage?

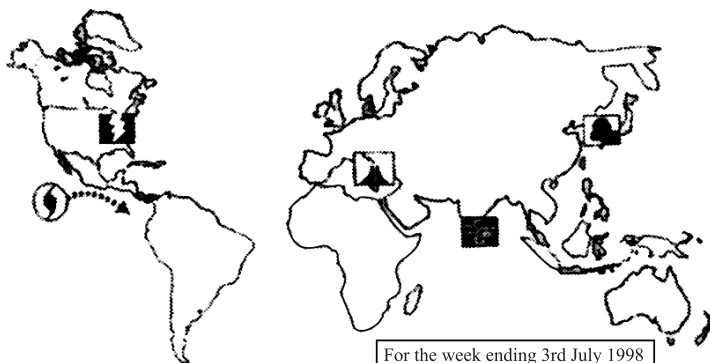
A similar event 65 million years ago led to _____.

20. What have astronomers focused their work on?

Astronomers have focused their work on _____ of asteroids.

Task 4 Choose the best answer by looking at the picture and reading the following passage.

EARTH WEEK—A Diary of the Planet



Storms

Several more rounds of fierce storms, tornadoes and floods struck many parts of the American Midwest and Northeast as bad weather continued across the US for a second month.

Monsoon Storms

A south-west monsoon has caused great damage in parts of Sri Lanka. Government meteorologists said that unexpected monsoonal winds blew directly across the country from the southern part of the earth at about 100km/h, producing several rounds of stormy weather. Nearly 250 houses in the capital Colombo were damaged.

Mt Etna Erupts

Sicily Mount Etna volcano erupted shortly after midnight on July 1st, shooting “bombs” of lave (岩浆) on the eastern side of the mountain. The 30-minute eruption could be seen for several miles but did not threaten any nearby villages.

Hurricane

Hurricane Blas lost strength as it moved over cooler waters in the Pacific Ocean to the west of Mexico. Blas formed off southwest Mexico during the last week, but the outer part of the storm swept western Michoacan State, killing four people when their wood and cardboard home fell down.

Monkey Repellent

After years of unsuccessful attempts to keep crop-eating monkeys out of Japanese fields, a Tokyo research team believes that it may have finally found a way to prevent the damage caused by the monkeys. Animal ruin of crops were successfully prevented by shooting chili powder into the air, irritating the eyes and noses of monkeys that passed in front of carefully placed warning. “We’ve tried all kinds of preventive measures, but the monkeys are bright enough to outsmart the tricks,” said Toshiaki Wada, Director of the Tokyo Forestry Experiment Station in western Tokyo.

21. The monsoon in Sri Lanka _____.
 A. was of average strength
 B. destroyed more property than previous monsoons
 C. was rare for that time of the year
 D. affected only the outer areas of the nation
22. What information about Hurricane Blas does the map show?
 A. Height. B. Strength. C. Speed. D. Direction.
23. According to the information, which of the following statements is TRUE?
 A. The eruption of Mt Etna lasted for a second month.
 B. Hurricane Blas was formed off the coast of Italy.
 C. The American Midwest had fine weather throughout July 1998.
 D. The eruption of Mt Etna did not destroy the local villages.
24. Toshiaki Wada, director of the Tokyo Forestry Experiment Station, would describe the monkeys

as _____.

- A. happy B. clever C. harmless D. lovable

25. The information in the “EARTH WEEK” diary _____.

- A. tells people future weather patterns
B. gives advice on dealing with monsoons
C. shows that weather can change unexpectedly
D. shows the effects that storms have on animals

Task 5

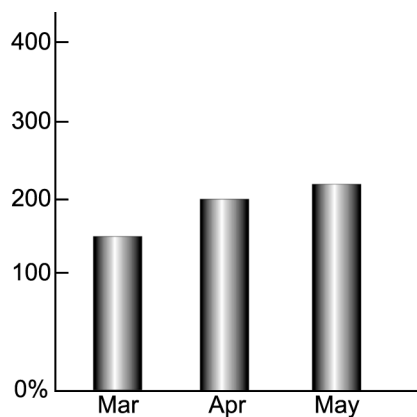
Directions: For each table or chart below, there are four statements describing it. Choose the best statement from the four choices marked A, B, C and D to match it.

26. Changes of people’s diets in the past five years.

Food \ Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Grain	49%	47%	46. 5%	45%	45%
Milk	10%	11%	11%	12%	13%
Meat	17%	20%	22. 5%	23%	21%
Fruit and vegetables	24%	22%	20%	20%	21%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

- A. In the past five years, people have taken less and less meat.
B. Milk consumption is slightly decreasing.
C. Fruit and vegetables have been more consumed in the past five years.
D. Grain has been playing the most important role in people’s diet.

27. Car sales of Bab company between March and May.



- A. The sales volume in May was twice that in March.
B. Car sales showed a steady growth during the three months.
C. Car sales showed a gradual fall during the three months.
D. The average sales volume of cars was less than 150.

Part Two**Exercises for PRETCO (A)****Part I Listening Comprehension**

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D given in your test paper.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A. New York City.

B. An evening party.

C. An air trip.

D. The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, **C. An air trip** is the correct answer. You should mark C. Now the test will begin.

1. A. There are too many animal species in nature.
B. Animals move into new living places frequently.
C. Animals should be kept far away from human beings.
D. Human beings are ruining the environment.
2. A. In the garbage bin.
B. In the street corner.
C. In his pocket.
D. In the street.
3. A. The growing of vegetables.
B. The natural environment.
C. The change in air temperature.
D. The environmental protection.
4. A. It is more convenient.
B. The environment is better.
C. There are fewer people there.
D. The scenery there is more beautiful.
5. A. The man was not quite sure why it was so rainy.
B. They both love the season very much.
C. The man didn't expect the woman to answer the question.
D. They didn't see eye to eye with each other.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are 2 recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D given in your test paper.

Conversation 1

6. A. The litter on the city street.
B. The plastic bags and food boxes people throw away carelessly.
C. Different kinds of refuse.
D. The recycling material.
7. A. They can be used as energy resource.
B. They should be left in the dumping pits.
C. They can't be recycled.
D. The material making plastic bags and boxes is hard to deteriorate.

Conversation 2

8. A. She thinks her city is attractive.
B. She thinks the city's environment is improving.
C. She does not like the city she is living in.
D. She prefers to live in the countryside.
9. A. The environment here is getting worse.
B. The river running across the city smells.
C. People has no awareness of environmental protection.
D. It is hard to have the city restored to its original state.
10. A. To take effective measures to improve the environment.
B. To raise people's awareness of environmental protection.
C. To develop the economy slowly.
D. To make the economic development even faster.

Section C

Directions: This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a recorded passage. After that, you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be read two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase (**in not more than 3 words**). The questions and incomplete answers are printed in your test paper.

11. How are most lakes in Finland linked?
Most lakes are linked with _____.
12. How can one tour most of the country in summer?
One can tour most of the country _____.

13. How many days without sunrise does the northern tip of Finland have during winter?

The northern tip of Finland has _____ without sunrise during winter.

14. How much does Finland's industrial output come from the forest?

About _____ of Finland's industrial output comes from the forest.

15. What is another nickname of Finland?

It is called "the country of _____."

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

Directions: This part is to test your ability to construct grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: In this section, there are 10 incomplete sentences. You are required to complete each one by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A, B, C and D.

16. I could have called you yesterday, but I _____ your telephone number.

- A. didn't have B. won't have C. hadn't had D. wouldn't have

17. _____ with his report, the boss told John to write it all over again.

- A. Not being satisfied B. Not having satisfied
C. Not to satisfy D. Not satisfying

18. It was not until yesterday evening _____ the manager made his decision known.

- A. when B. that C. as D. so

19. The weather report says that there will be a storm _____ two days.

- A. until B. before C. in D. by

20. Which do you think is _____ important, wealth or health?

- A. more B. most C. the more D. the most

21. She gave up her job as a nurse because she found the children too difficult _____.

- A. look after B. to look after C. looking after D. be looked after

22. I decide to leave the company next month, where I _____ for exactly three years.

- A. work B. is working
C. will be working D. will have worked

23. Three new buildings _____ on the campus by the end of this year.

- A. will be built B. are going to be built
C. will have been built D. have been built

24. It will be a great advantage to be able to speak a foreign language, especially if you are _____ business.

- A. in B. on C. to D. with

25. We hoped that by the end of the year we _____ the job.
 A. had finished B. finished C. would have finished D. will finish

Section B

Directions: *There are 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space.*

26. The government is _____ (alarming) by the dramatic increase in violent crime.
 27. There is a need for greater _____ (interact) among the different departments.
 28. His job is not only to _____ (dispose) of problems but (also) to meet unexpected challenges.
 29. He was _____ (grant) his freedom on the condition that he leaves the country.
 30. The policy was agreed by the committee, but only in a _____ (modify) form.
 31. We will pay the _____ (recoverable) deposits or charges paid in advance in the event of unavoidable cancellation of business travel.
 32. Robots—once found only in comic books and movies—now _____ (inhabit) the real, everyday world.
 33. I began to _____ (sick) of the endless violence shown on television.
 34. Young people should not _____ (discriminate) seek out brand-name products.
 35. The U. S. Food and Drug administration tries to regulate _____ (consumer).

Part III Reading Comprehension

Directions: *This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.*

Task 1

Directions: *After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A, B, C, and D. You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter.*

Air pollution can spread from city to city. It even spreads from one country to another. Some northern European countries have had “black snow” from pollutants that have traveled through the air from other countries and have fallen with the snow. So air pollution is really a global problem.

Air pollution can kill babies, older people, and those who have respiratory (呼吸的) diseases. As found in cities, air pollution increases the risks of certain lung diseases.

Air pollution can cause both airplane and car accidents because it cuts down visibility (视线). There are other possible health dangers from air pollution that we don't know much about. For example, scientists are trying to find out whether chemicals that reach us from the air may cause changes in our cells. These changes might cause babies to be born with serious birth defects. Scientists are trying to learn how all

the many chemicals we are apt (易于的) to take into our bodies from air, water, food, and even medicines act together to affect our health and the way our bodies work. That is another reason why it is so important to begin to control pollution now instead of waiting until we learn all the answers.

Air pollution costs us a lot of money. It corrodes (腐蚀) our buildings. It damages farm crops and forests. It has a destructive effect on our works of art. The cost of all this damage to our government is great. It would be much more worthwhile, both for us and for the government, to spend our tax dollars on air pollution control.

36. Air pollution may lead to airplane accidents because _____.
 A. it may cause pilots to be ill
 B. engines may fail from dirt
 C. visibility is reduced
 D. it brings a lot of black snow
37. Scientists are trying to find a link between pollution and _____.
 A. intelligence levels
 B. birth problems
 C. man's behavior
 D. the nervous system
38. Scientists have not yet determined _____.
 A. all of the effects of pollution on the human body
 B. the successful control of pollution
 C. when the atmosphere first became polluted
 D. how some snow becomes black
39. The author suggests that before air pollution becomes more serious, _____.
 A. some factories should be forced to stop operating
 B. buildings should be protected
 C. more trees should be planted in cities
 D. more money should be spent in solving the problem
40. We can conclude that _____.
 A. civilization may be destroyed if pollution is not controlled
 B. pollution is more serious in Europe than it is in America
 C. most people do not know that pollution is a serious problem
 D. we should learn all the answers before we begin to control pollution

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

Our environment is getting worse and worse with the increase of the world population, which affects the environment in two ways. Firstly, the limited energy resources will be used up much faster. Secondly,

the increasing population creates more pollution, another severe problem that needs to be solved. Both problems are long-term ones because actions taken now show their results slowly over many years. They are also urgent because delays in action can lead to great suffering and social problems. The question seems to be difficult to handle for most people. However, a person can be a protector of environment in everyday life if he takes actions to save the environment right now. With the development of technology, cars make transportation easier and quicker than before, but we can't ignore the disadvantages brought to us by more and more cars in use. For example, we are consuming gasoline (汽油), which is a non-renewable (无法更新的) resource, and will soon be gone. Moreover, the exhausted gas from cars pollutes our air, and our health is therefore threatened by air pollution, which has a big potential effect on our daily life. So we can consider walking, taking buses, carpooling (合用汽车), instead of driving cars alone. This seems to be a very slow process that can't be so effective if it's taken by a single person. But when more and more people become aware of the importance and positively take it as their personal responsibilities, the condition of the air will be improved to a great extent.

41. According to the writer, the main problem to our environment today is _____.
 - A. the increase of population
 - B. the limited energy resources
 - C. the more serious air pollution
 - D. the development of technology
42. From the passage, we can know that _____.
 - A. effective measures can be taken mainly by the government
 - B. taking measures now can soon improve the environment
 - C. immediate measures can cause great suffering and social problems
 - D. every single person's action has some effect on environment protection
43. The author's main purpose in writing this passage is most probably to _____.
 - A. complain about people's slow actions to protect the environment
 - B. advise people to take actions to protect the environment
 - C. show himself to be an active environment protector
 - D. point out the bad effects of technologies on protecting environment
44. The author believes that carpooling _____.
 - A. can give help to those without cars
 - B. can save people money and time
 - C. can save energy resources and reduce air pollution
 - D. can promote friendship among drivers
45. The passage is mainly about _____.

A. energy resources saving	B. environment protection
C. population control	D. air pollution

Task 3

Directions: After reading the following passage, you are required to complete the outline below it (No. 46 through No. 50). You should write your answers briefly (*in not more than three words*).

Large modern cities are too big to control. They impose their own living conditions on the people who inhabit them. City-dwellers are obliged by their environment to adopt a wholly unnatural way of life. They lose touch with the land and rhythm of nature. It is possible to live such an air-conditioned existence in a large city that you are barely conscious of the seasons. A few flowers in public park (if you have the time to visit it) may remind you that it is spring or summer. A few leaves clinging to the pavement may remind you that it's spring or summer. Beyond that, what is going on in nature seems totally irrelevant. All the simple, good things of life like sunshine and fresh air are at a premium (供应不足的). Tall buildings blot out the sun. Traffic fumes pollute the atmosphere.

Even the distinction between day and night is lost. The flow of traffic goes on unceasingly and the noise never stops.

Urban problems

People in big cities are forced to adopt 46 way of life.

47 air are at a premium in big cities.

In big cities, the sun was hidden from view by 48 .

If you want to know what season it is, you'd better visit 49 .

Many things that are going 50 seen irrelevant to city-dwellers.

Task 4

Directions: The following is a list of terms frequently used in weather description. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets, numbered 51 through 55.

A—the Beginning of Spring	B—Rain Water
C—Insects Awaken	D—Vernal Equinox
E—Clear and Bright	F—Grain Rain
G—the Beginning of Summer	H—Grain Buds
I—Grain in Ear	J—Summer Solstice
K—Slight Heat	L—Great Heat
M—the Beginning of Autumn	N—the End of Heat
O—White Dew	P—the Autumn Equinox
Q—Cold Dew	R—Hoar-frost Falls
S—the Beginning of Winter	T—Light Snow
U—Heavy Snow	V—the Winter Solstice
W—Slight Cold	X—Great Cold

Example: (W) 小寒

(C) 惊蛰

- | | |
|------------|--------|
| 51. () 立春 | () 小暑 |
| 52. () 雨水 | () 白露 |
| 53. () 清明 | () 霜降 |
| 54. () 谷雨 | () 大雪 |
| 55. () 立夏 | () 大寒 |

Task 5

Directions: *There is an advertisement below. After reading it you should give brief answers to the 5 questions (No. 56 through No. 60) that follow. The answers (**in not more than 3 words**) should be written after the corresponding numbers.*

Third World countries often mistakenly decide to permit rapid industrialization. When this industrialization occurs, many new factories open, and workers get jobs. Unfortunately, many of these new jobs are not permanent. The leaders of an industry want their factories to be as productive as possible, and they will do anything to achieve that goal. Whenever they can they take advantage of automation, which means that workers are replaced by more efficient machine. As a result, a worker trained for a specific factory job becomes unemployed, and the profits of the factory owners are maximized.

Many experts in Third World economies are concerned about rapid industrialization because it brings problems as well as progress. Citizens of these countries need jobs that will last, not jobs that are temporary. In the opinion of these economists, the leaders of Third World countries should be aware of the dangers as well as the advantages of rapid industrialization.

56. What could the rapid industrialization in Third World countries bring?

It brings _____.

57. What do leaders of an industry consider first?

Highest _____.

58. What could automation lead to?

More _____ and fewer _____.

59. In the sentence "Citizens of these countries need jobs that will last", what does the word "last" mean?

It means to be _____.

60. For what purpose did the writer write the passage?

In order to give the _____ to Third World countries.

Part IV Translation—English to Chinese

Directions: This part, numbered 61 through 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. After each of the sentences numbered 61 to 64, you will read four choices of suggested translation. You should choose the best translation and mark the corresponding letter. And for the paragraph numbered 65 write your translation in the corresponding space.

61. With increasing awareness of the environment, people have realized that the way coal is used is critical and new approaches have to be sought.
- A. 尽管环境意识提高了, 人们认为使用煤炭仍然是很重要的, 并且已经找到了新的方法。
 B. 随着环境意识的增强, 人们认识到使用煤炭的方法应该受到批评, 必须寻求新的途径。
 C. 随着环境意识的日益增强, 人们认识到如何使用煤炭至关重要, 因而得寻求新的方法。
 D. 尽管人们对环境越来越了解, 他们也认识到使用煤炭应该受到批评, 但要寻找到新的能源才行。
62. Once there is a threat to our water supply water can quickly become the only thing that matters.
- A. 只要水源受到威胁, 水很快就会变成唯一重要的物质。
 B. 供水一度出现危机, 所以水很快就成了唯一紧缺的物质。
 C. 供水一旦受到威胁, 水很快就会成为唯一至关重要的问题。
 D. 有一次水源曾遭受污染, 水成了人们唯一不能很快解决的问题。
63. In the world today any damage to society, whether at the local or at the global level, will not remain unnoticed.
- A. 在当今世界, 社会受到局部或全面损害的程度还是难以确定的。
 B. 在当今世界, 对社会所造成的任何局部或总体损害都依然未被察觉。
 C. 在当今世界, 对社会的任何损害, 无论是局部的还是全球性的, 终究会被察觉出来。
 D. 在当今世界, 对社会造成的任何破坏, 不管从局部看还是从全局来看, 都不会不被注意到。
64. Natural environment must be protected with a view to achieving sound, continuous and sustainable economic growth.
- A. 自然环境要保护, 目的是要不断支撑经济的发展。
 B. 自然环境必须被保护, 展望获得较好的经济继续发展。
 C. 为了保证经济的良性, 持续发展, 必须保护自然环境。
 D. 自然环境必须保护, 观点是取得有声有色的、持续的经济的发展。
65. Some scientists think the greenhouse effect already has begun: Average global temperatures have risen about one degree Fahrenheit in the past 90 years (with a dip from the mid-1940s to 1970). Others argue that the rise could be due to natural temperature ups and downs.

Part V Writing

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a *LETTER* according to the information given in Chinese below. Remember to do the task on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

给一家外国公司写一封商务信，希望建立贸易关系，信件包含如下内容：

1. 信息来源 (*China Daily*)
 2. 目的：建立商务关系 (establishing business relations)
 3. 经营范围 (business scope)：家用电器 (household electric appliances)
 4. 您的期待 (your expectations)
 5. 写信时间：2013 年 3 月 15 日
-
-
-
-
-



Self-evaluation

Rate your progress after completing the task:				
Objectives	Excellent	Medium	Pass	Fail
You can talk about Human and Nature.				
You master amplification & omission.				
You know how to use new words and expressions related to Human and Nature.				
You know how to write an essay.				